

## STRAUSS IS OUT

And Hugh Grant Will Lead Tammany Again.

### THE GREAT FIGHT IN NEW YORK.

The Causes Leading to Mr. Strauss's Act.

### HILL WOULD NOT CLING ONLY

To the Tammany Candidate, But Desired to Draw Strength from Every Possible Source.

New York, October 19.—(Special).—The biggest sensation of a campaign that has been replete with them was sprung today by Mr. Nathan Strauss, who briefly, but with emphasis which meant that coaxing would do no good, declined Tammany's nomination for the mayoralty.

#### The Declaration Came.

Though the possibility of such an act had been talked of in political circles, but little credence was given it by the general public. The aspect of a man, after having virtually accepted the most prominent office in the gift of the people of New York, declaring that nomination, was so unique that most people heard the rumors and simply laughed at them. This morning, however, the prophets did the laughing. At about half-past 10 o'clock Mr. Strauss sent this letter of declaration to the Tammany executive committee. All day the big fight wrestled with the problem of successorship, and wrestled with Hugh Grant, for the members of the committee were of one mind in their desire to have the ex-sheriff and ex-mayor become the organization's candidate.

#### Hugh Grant the Man.

Grant wasn't a bit anxious to have an honor which, under the circumstances, is a dubious honor at best, but after much persuasion he submitted the terms and conditions under which he would accept the nomination, and these were promptly accepted by the authorized representatives of the great organization.

So, the man who refused to allow the Tammany convention to be stamped in his favor finds himself again the leader, and stronger than ever the idol of the Tammany heart.

It is one of the most peculiar moves ever made on the political chessboard. Naturally there are at this time many opinions as to its possible and probable effects, and anything on that line must be surmise, pure and simple.

#### A Look Into the Causes.

The causes which led up to Mr. Strauss's decision have been explained in the telegraphic columns of The Constitution. Senator Hill's decision in favor of allowing Mr. Grant and his followers, who are supporting Mr. Strong for mayor at the state democratic ticket at the head of their city, was the immediate cause, but there are strong evidences that it was more the culmination of a series of causes.

Mr. Strauss was indignant at Senator Hill's action. He and his friends claimed that the Tammany ticket was the only democratic ticket in the field, and when Mr. Grant told of Senator Hill's decision Mr. Strauss at once dispatched a trusted messenger to Albany to see if the story was true.

The correspondence between the two leaders is not yet complete, but immediately upon the return of the messenger Mr. Strauss sent in his letter of declaration, which was given to the press tonight. It is probable that he was disheartened on account of the conditions of the campaign, and was glad to get out of it; at least, that is the opinion of the politicians.

#### The Rank and File Delighted.

The rank and file of Tammany didn't warm up to Strauss, and the anti-Tammany campaign is being waged with a degree of vigor calculated to strike terror to the heart of a political novice like the great merchant.

So much for the cause. Now a word as to the effect of the declaration.

There is joy in Tammany hall tonight. The boys have a candidate after their own heart and he is unquestionably the strongest man who could have been taken from inside the organization. In two campaigns he has swept this great city. At Tammany hall I found everybody apparently confident that he could do it again.

At Colonel Strong's headquarters there was also a large amount of jubilation. The county democratic people, the republicans and the other anti-Tammany elements feel confident of winning this year, and they feel that to fight a typical Tammanyite like Grant will make victory the more certain. The lines are drawn, so there can be no equivocation. It is Tammany and anti-Tammany to the death.

#### The Feeling in the City.

Here in New York city the mayoralty race overshadows everything else; but to the outsider the most interesting question is, how will this move affect the state ticket? The consensus of opinion as I find it mixing with all elements tonight, is that it will help rather than hurt the democratic state ticket. The decision of Mr. Hill has not displeased Tammany at all. It may be that Mr. Strauss's personal friends, some go so far as to say the majority of the people of his religion, will feel affronted and will vote against Hill, but it is not likely there will be a large defection from this source. If there is, it will be fully offset by the votes which will be brought to the ticket through the medium of the Strong ticket.

#### The Surface Indications.

These, at least, are the surface indications. How the trading and scorching on the city tickets will affect the result, nobody can tell. With his share of these traded votes, Mr. Hill stands a good show of winning.

It looks better tonight than at any time since the campaign opened.

J. K. OHL.

#### STRAUSS DECLINES.

Several Conferences Were Held but to No Avail.

New York, October 19.—Tammany leaders began to gather at Nathan Strauss's headquarters at 920 o'clock this morning with the expectation that

they would receive the news that Mr. Strauss would formally declare himself out of the race.

A few minutes before 10 o'clock ex-Mayor Grant arrived. He was followed by Mr. Strauss. Both had conferences in the private room, and Mr. Strauss, when he came out in answer to all questions, replied: "I have nothing to say."

Mr. Strauss's declaration as a candidate for mayor was filed with the police commissioners shortly before noon today. The letter reads as follows:

"New York, October 19, 1894.—To the Honorable Board of Police Commissioners of the City of New York.—Sir: I hereby notify you that I decline the nomination for mayor of the city of New York tendered me by the democratic party in the city of New York."

#### "NATHAN STRAUSS," Grant Nominated.

Hugh J. Grant was named as Tammany's candidate for mayor, vice Nathan Strauss, withdrawn, at the meeting of the executive committee of Tammany hall this afternoon. The ex-mayor said in the morning he would not accept the nomination, but he changed his mind after a long conference with a committee composed of Senator J. W. Plunkett, chairman; Pat Keenan, John Reilly, J. T. Carroll, T. E. Sullivan, J. W. Boyle and Mike Murphy, and he has formally accepted.

#### Strass to Hill.

Following is Mr. Strauss's letter to Mr. Hill:

"Union Square Hotel, New York, October 17.—Senator David Bennett Hill, Dear Sir: I trust that you have declined to allow your name to be placed on any other ticket in this county than the regular democratic ticket, upon which my name appears. I expect to stand as the candidate of the democratic party for mayor, but I shall positively decline to run if you overthrew the political standing of the democratic party in this county by permitting your name to appear on your ticket with a republican candidate for mayor. I have the honor to subscribe myself, yours respectfully,

#### "NATHAN R. STRAUSS."

Mr. Strauss has received no written reply from Mr. Hill so far as is known.

#### Hill at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., October 19.—Senator David Bennett Hill was given an enthusiastic reception tonight at Music hall, where 5,000 people had congregated.

When Senator Hill and Hon. Daniel N. Lockwood, the nominee for lieutenant governor, made their appearance on the platform they received an ovation. Mr. Lockwood was the first speaker. He denounced the proposed appointment and spoke at length on the evils of the Sherman silver law and the McKinley tariff.

When Senator Hill, who was the next speaker, was introduced it was some time before he could proceed with his remarks on account of the enthusiastic demonstrations of the audience. After a few moments Mr. Hill held an informal reception at the Iroquois hotel. He remains here tonight and leaves for Jamestown at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning, where he speaks tomorrow afternoon and at Olean this evening. He will leave for Albany tomorrow night.

#### McKinley's Flying Trip.

On to New Orleans on a Special Train.

Cincinnati, O., October 19.—With orders ahead for a clear track and instructions to the engineer that the minimum speed must not fall below sixty miles an hour, the special train carrying Governor McKinley left for the Cincinnati Southern road at 11:30 o'clock this morning. The party, with the governor, included Mr. David S. Ferris, secretary of the Louisiana state central republic committee; General Richards, of Ohio; Dr. A. B. Richardson, of Columbus, O.; Hon. James M. Glenn, president of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce; Hon. Joseph P. Smith, late librarian of Ohio, and representatives of the two press associations.

Only one stop is scheduled in the nine hundred-mile trip, and this is at Lexington, where Governor McKinley will make a five-minute speech on the way to the city, but it is probable that in response to urgent demands, a brief stop will be made at other points between Lexington and New Orleans.

Immediately after his speech in the Crescent City Saturday night, Governor McKinley will leave in order to keep his engagements at Huntington and Charleston, W. Va., on Monday afternoon and evening.

Urgent telegrams were received this morning from leading republicans of Nashville, asking the governor to make a new engagement before election day in consequence of the cancellation of his appointment in that city last night and in response the governor expressed his willingness to comply if the Ohio state committee can cancel a state date after the Chicago meeting.

#### Speaks at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., October 19.—Governor McKinley reached here at 9 o'clock this evening on a special train en route from Columbia, O., to New Orleans. The special train was met at the Central station by a committee of prominent citizens of Chattanooga.

Governor McKinley left the car and addressed a crowd of 4,000 people from the front platform of the depot. He spoke nearly twenty minutes and was warmly applauded by the large and appreciative audience.

After five minutes of hand-shaking the governor and party drew out of the Central station on the regular train for New Orleans and will reach there at 1 o'clock tomorrow.

#### A Blanket Indictment.

Chicago, October 19.—The federal grand jury today returned an indictment against Debs and the officers of the American Railway Union and a large number of persons charged with participation in violence and obstruction of the mail and commerce on the different roads last summer. In all sixty persons are included in the blanket indictment.

#### Populist Nomination.

Memphis, Tenn., October 19.—The populist of the tenth Tennessee district today nominated R. J. Rawlings for congress. There is no hope for the success for Rawlings, but his candidacy makes it probable that the democratic nominee, Colonel Patterson, doubtful and gives J. W. Brown, republican, a favorable prospect.

#### Postponed a Week.

Washington, October 19.—Secretary Herbert has modified the orders which were issued to Commander Davis, of the Montgomery, to leave Norfolk November 6th and visit Mobile, Ala., not later than November 15th on account of an expedition which is to be held in Montgomery November 15th. The departure of the Montgomery will be postponed a week.

#### End of the Topolobampo.

Ablene, Kan., October 19.—The end of the great topolobampo colony is complete. The final scene is the suspension of its paper, The Integral Co-Operator, yesterday. The paper was published by the colony's president, C. B. Hoffman. The colony has been gradually losing ground for some months through desertion of the ranks, and but few colonists remain at the front.

## THAT BUILDING

Which the Government Is Going to Erect in Atlanta.

### THE PLAN IS MUCH ADMIRRED.

And Will Be Adopted with But Little Change.

### GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS NOTES

Showing What Is Going on Among the Politicians in the National Capital.

Washington, October 19.—(Special).—The plans of the government building at the Atlanta exposition, a sketch of which has been sent The Constitution, have been photographed under direction of Acting Chief Supervising Architect Kemper and are now only waiting approval of the postmaster general and secretary of the interior.

No material change from the prepared plans is contemplated. The plans were drawn after full consultation by the architect with members of the government board, who gave him details of the exact space each department desired. Each member of the board has expressed approval of the plans and is satisfied with the division of space. In the entrance extensions on the two fronts will be the offices and reception rooms of the board.

The only change contemplated at present is the rearrangement of the tower so as to accommodate a naval searchlight for practical operation.

Acting Supervising Architect Kemper, who is a member of the government board, said today he expected to go down to Atlanta very soon. He wants to survey the ground and get a personal view of the location for the government building.

Mr. Kemper is a Virginian, a graduate of Washington and Lee university and a gentleman of taste and culture. He will, perhaps, make repeated visits to Atlanta during the construction of the building and while the exposition is in progress.

#### IF SHE CAN LOCATE IT.

Madeline Can Now Get the \$13,000 Awarded Her.

Washington, October 19.—On a motion by Calderon Carlisle, counsel for Madeline Pollard in the case of Pollard vs. W. C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, the court of appeals of the District of Columbia ordered the appeal which had been asked for in this case stricken from the docket of the court on the ground that it had not been entered within the statutory time. This ends the litigation as far as the courts of the District of Columbia are concerned and leaves the plaintiff free to collect her judgment of \$13,000 and costs from Colonel when and how she can.

Colonel Breckinridge's salary for the remainder of his congressional term is estimated by law from seizure and there is no provision in the laws of the District of Columbia, as there is on the statute books of some of the states, for the arrest and detention of any person about to leave the country without complying with the judgments of its courts.

#### MURDERED A GIRL.

Horrible Butchery at a Farmhouse Near Albion, N. Y.

Albion, N. Y., October 19.—A most dastardly murder occurred at the residence of Joseph Vancamp, at Sawyer, eight miles north of Albion, at 8 o'clock last night. Emma Hunt, a girl eighteen years old, had worked for Vancamp since last spring. She was very pretty and had a good character. William Lake, twenty-six years old and unmarried, also worked at the same place. He had paid attention to the Hunt girl throughout the summer.

About 8 o'clock last evening Mr. Vancamp, with his family, went to town and returned home about an hour later. When he entered the house he found Emma lying on the floor in the sitting room with a hammer in her hand. There was a large wound on her temple. Her throat had been cut and her bowels cut down and across, completely disemboweling her. Blood was spattered on the doors and wall, and it was also found on the outside of one of the doors, showing that Emma had been a hard fight for her life. Lake was missing and no trace of him could be found. Sheriff Ryan and posse are on his track, but had not captured him up to an early hour this morning.

#### CONVICTED OF MURDER.

A Dispensary Constable Who May Have Killed.

Spartanburg, S. C., October 19.—(Special).—Jack Bladen, a dispensary constable who killed Henry Palmer, a negro in this city last December, was convicted of murder tonight. The verdict was a great surprise, as Bladen was out on a small bond and ten of the jury were strong Tillamites. Henry Palmer was a negro accused of selling liquor. Bladen, one of the most desperate men on the force, went to arrest him. The negro ran and Bladen shot him through the back of the head. It is thought if Governor Tillman follows his custom by pardoning Bladen trouble will follow. The jury deliberated four hours and returned a verdict tonight at 11:15 o'clock.

#### HE KICKED HER DOOR DOWN.

And Mrs. Rhodes Fatally Shot Tom Fogarty.

Knoxville, Tenn., October 19.—Thomas Fogarty, fireman on the Southern railway, was shot in the back and probably fatally wounded by Mrs. Lyde Rhodes at 12:30 o'clock this morning. The woman is a seamstress and he went to her house and knocked for admission. She refused to let him in and told him to leave or he would shoot. He then knocked the door down and entered the house, where she shot him with a 38-caliber pistol in the back. Mrs. Rhodes was arrested, but gave bail.

#### Satoli Will Be a Cardinal.

Baltimore, October 19.—A clergyman of Cardinal Gibbons's household today confirmed the report that Monsignor Satoli will become a cardinal. "This much is all that can be said is that he will probably be named as such at the next consistory, which will convene in Rome, most probably in December of this year."

## HILL'S GREAT FIGHT

Against the Odds of Republicans and Bushwhackers.

### TREACHERY OF THE ANTI-SNAPPERS

Who Are Damning Hill with Faint Praise.

### WHAT WILL MR. CLEVELAND DO?

His Approval, If He Ever Gives It, Has Been So Long Delayed That It Will Do No Good When It Comes.

New York, October 19.—(Special).—The political situation in New York has never been more mixed than at present. Everything is in doubt, and there is no telling what will be the outcome of the state election which takes place on the 6th of November.

The republicans are confident—more confident than they have been in any campaign in ten years. They do not conceal their good humor, and it is easy to observe in the countenance and the demeanor of any well-posted republican the fact that victory is relied upon in next month's election. While, of course, there is nothing definite as indicative of the result in the way the betting is going, still it is considered as one of the political straws which drift with the current wind. Phil Dwyer, who is a democrat and an intimate friend of Dick Croker, posted \$2,000 to \$1,000 two nights ago that Morton would be the next governor of New York. The bet was taken, and Dwyer says that while he is a democrat, and will vote and work for the straight ticket, he will win the money. There is no doubt that the odds are in favor of republican success, if betting can be taken as a criterion.

#### Hill Working Hard.

Senator Hill is making the most active canvass that he has ever made in any of his numerous contests in the state. He realized the fact that he has uphill work, and if the state is lost he will not be through any fault of his. Senator Hill is a poor man. He has been in public life in New York for a great many years, and he is as poor today as when he first took public office. His opponent, Mr. Morton, is a man of immense wealth, being many times a millionaire. Not only that, but he has the reputation of an exceedingly liberal giver for campaign purposes, more especially when he is at the head of the ticket. Everybody knows that this is why Morton was put at the head of the republican ticket this year. He had a barrel, and with Morton to lead it was well understood that the barrel would be at the disposal of the republican campaign committee. He has sent floods of money to every county in the state and expects to counteract the democratic canvass by a liberal supply of money for campaign purposes. Morton cannot speak. He would be at a loss on the stump if he were to make a political campaign, but what he lacks in the power of oratory will be more than abundantly supplied in cash contributions.

#### Bushwhackers at Work.

To add to the democratic embarrassment, there is a bad split in the party in New York city. The old anti-snapper element which took the field against Hill after he swept the state convention by storm two years ago in the contest for the presidential nomination has reorganized and is in for bloody work. At its head is Charles S. Fairchild, who was Mr. Cleveland's secretary of the treasury, and who is one of the president's most intimate personal friends in New York. Through him this organization, calling themselves reform democrats, are not only winning everything in the way of votes, but they are defeating the democratic congressional candidates in New York city. That they may make their power felt, not by the success of their men, and the prospects are that they will persist in running them, thus creating democratic confusion and division in every congressional district in this city. The party is in danger of losing the democratic majority of congressmen from New York state, and all through the cowardly activity of the Fairchild bolters.

#### What Is the Answer?

The true democrats of the state are at a loss to understand the animus of the anti-snapper game in their mad effort to crush the democratic party in New York. They are working now just on the same lines as they did two years ago when they bolted the New York state convention and sent a Cleveland contesting delegation to the Chicago convention. At the recent state convention at Saratoga, when Senator Hill was unanimously nominated over his protest, all factions seemed to intuitively turn to him to lead the party out of the embarrassing situation into which they had drifted. Those who represented the Cleveland element of the party in the convention were apparently specially enthusiastic in their desire to have Hill lead them. He refused to do so, they entreated him earnestly to give his consent, stating that it was a matter of party necessity, and that he had no right to refuse when every loyal democrat turned to him as the only man who could avert impending disaster. The convention was swept by storm for Hill, notwithstanding the fact that he fought such action step by step. Hill did not want the nomination. Everybody knows that. Not only that, he was very anxious to avoid being put in the position where he would have to lead. He pleaded with the leaders in private to leave his name out of consideration, and when the convention assembled it was understood that his name would not be put in connection with the gubernatorial nomination. When Mr. Whitney arrived, however, in New York from Europe, pending the action of the convention, and when he telegraphed under no circumstances would he accept the nomination and that Hill was the man for the place the convention lost control of itself, and Hill's name swept everything before it like the rushing waters of a broken levee.

#### Cooling Ardor.

The most remarkable development since the convention has been the apparent cooling down of the enthusiasm of some of those of the anti-snapper element, who were most conspicuous at Albany, in the eagerness with which they persuaded Hill to accept the nomination. Instead of helping the party this element is doing it infinitely more harm than good. Even the declaration of many of them that they will support Hill is belied by the damnable

tion of faint praise, and the effect is positively injurious.

"Oh, yes," say some of them, who are not unwilling to go to the extremes to which Fairchild has gone and openly bolt. "We will support Hill, but—" There is always a "but" here, and a "but" somewhere else, and a "but" there, and a "but" somewhere else.

Another interesting study is the attitude of the federal officeholders in New York city—or at least of such of them as are democrats, for it must be remembered that a vast army of republican officeholders are still doing business at the old stand in New York. But the democratic officeholders are nervous. They do not know which way to turn—to the right or to the left. They are apparently afraid that if they give Hill their unwild and hearty support they will endanger presidential favor, and they are unwilling to risk that. They do not know where the president stands, whereas a word from him two weeks ago would have put in line for active working every democratic officeholder in New York state. As it is now most of them are as silent as clams. They are afraid to talk, afraid to work and afraid to let it be known where they stand.

#### The Attitude of the President.

Nobody knows what the president is going to do. His friends here day after day promise that the next will bring a word of encouragement from him and that he will make it thoroughly understood that his sympathies are with Hill, and that he wants to see the regular ticket elected from top to bottom. On the other hand, Fairchild and his anti-snappers are laughing in their sleeves, and are pointing day after day to the fact that another day has elapsed without a declaration or an encouraging word from the president, and they are impressing the idea that the president's silence cannot be construed otherwise than as indicating his approval of the bolters. They openly charge that he does not want Hill elected, and that he will do nothing to assist him, notwithstanding the fact that after Cleveland secured the nomination over Hill the latter immediately announced that he would give his loyal support to the nomination, and that he would stump the state for him, which he did with marked effect.

#### Can This Be True?

The rumor is prevalent in New York that the president would be sadly disappointed at Hill's success, and that he wants to be in a position where he and his friends can charge democratic catastrophe to the wickedness and the weakness of David Bennett Hill. It is said that the extreme Clevelandites want to be in a position where, on the 7th day of November, they can point to the result in New York and say, "Ah, that shows how the people of New York measure David Bennett Hill and Grover Cleveland. Two years ago Grover Cleveland swept everything before him in New York, and now David Bennett Hill has been crushed! Who can doubt now which of the two speaks the sentiment of New York state?"

Hill has four more years in the senate and Cleveland has two more years as president. It is held by many that the latter is of the opinion that the defeat of Hill this time would crush the life of his attitude of hostility to the president as a member of the senate. If Hill is defeated the anti-snappers, the mugwumps and the cuckoos will claim it to be the voice of approval of the democrats of New York of Hill's course of opposition to the president from the floor of the senate.

The president may write a letter after all. It may come next Monday, or it may come later on. When it comes, if it ever comes, it will be found that it will be brief and hazy. Of course, if he is to write a letter of any length for a purpose, he will have accomplished the full measure of good which he as president could have done to the democratic ticket, his approval should have been sent immediately after the nomination. It was not, however, and on the delay the bolting democrats have built up a strong sentiment of opposition, founded on the idea that the president's sympathies were with them. Nothing that he could do now would undo the damage that has been done by his delay.

#### TRAIN ROBBERY IN TEXAS.

About Six Thousand Dollars Taken by the Robbers.

Fort Worth, Tex., October 19.—(Special).—At 4 o'clock this afternoon a dispatch was received from Secretary Mills, of the Texas Pacific Coal Company at Thurber Junction, on the Texas Pacific, west of this city ninety-five miles, stating that a train had been robbed near Gordon, but that the company money was safe, as the robbers could not open the safe. The money was for the monthly pay roll of the employees of the coal company at Thurber Junction, and had been placed in the express car in a burglar proof safe, the combination of which the messenger did not know, hence the robbers were unable to gain access to it.

Inquiry by telephone at the express company's office failed to elicit any information concerning the robbery. Agent Gill being out, and the employees in the office claiming to be entirely ignorant of the robbery.

From railway employees it is learned that about \$16,000 in local packages was secured from the Pacific Express Company, and it is reported that a larger sum, estimated as high as \$50,000, was taken from the through safe, though this report is not confirmed.

The robbers were five in number and held up the passengers in the coaches and stole a large miscellaneous collection of watches, money and other booty.

No one was injured, so far as was learned, though it is reported the robbers took a couple of shots at the porter.

Later reports state that the robbers blew open the coal company's safe but were unable to get to the \$16,000 contained therein, as they failed to obtain the inside combination.

#### AN EXPRESS ROBBER WANTED.

Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, Calls Upon Governor Brown, of Maryland.

Richmond, Va., October 19.—(Special).—Governor O'Ferrall tonight issued a requisition upon Governor Brown, of Maryland, for the surrender to the Virginia authorities of C. J. Seary, who is in the Cumberland, Md., jail under suspicion of being one of the outlaws who held up a passenger train at Aquia creek and robbed the express car. His excellency declines to say what evidence the state has, but he feels thoroughly confident that Seary is one of the bandits, and perhaps the head of the gang. The requisition had to be issued upon affidavit, no grand jury having been empaneled, and it is likely that one of the express messengers who were in the car that was robbed, made the sworn statement upon which the papers are based. Commonwealth Attorney White, of Stafford county, arrived here late this evening, in obedience to a telegram from the governor and Sheriff Kennedy, and Mr. Herring, the express company's Washington manager, came in on the midnight train. They are now in conference at the executive mansion. Sheriff Kennedy will leave on the 10 o'clock morning train for Cumberland so as to have the requisition there when the case comes up tomorrow on habeas corpus. He will probably go by Annapolis so as to get a rendition warrant from Governor Brown.

#### Double Execution at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., October 19.—At exactly six minutes past 5 o'clock this morning, the drop fell and Charles Ermiest and Otto Kott, two young desperadoes, paid the penalty for the murder of Lindhoff, a young bartender last May.

## AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Nothing Short of a Miracle Could Do the Car Any Good.

### DOCTORS SAY HE IS SLOWLY SINKING,

And His Death May Be Looked for at Any Moment.

### AN IMPERIAL EDICT TO BE ISSUED

Placing the Regency in the Care of the Vienna Papers Believe the Car Is Dead, But the News Not Given Out.

St. Petersburg, October 19.—Advices received from Livadia this morning are of an extremely disquieting nature. Until 7 o'clock last evening the condition of the czar had not changed throughout the day. The celebrated nerve specialist, Professor Mershwski, was summoned to Livadia yesterday.

Crowds of people gather around the official bulletins and cross themselves as they read them.

#### A Restless Night.

A bulletin issued at Livadia at 10 o'clock tonight says that the czar passed Thursday night almost without sleep. His majesty rose this morning as usual. His general weakness and the action of the heart are unchanged. The edict, which previously appeared, has increased. His general condition is unchanged. This bulletin is signed by the five doctors in attendance upon his majesty.

#### An Imperial Edict.

It is reported here this afternoon that an imperial edict will be published next Monday entrusting the regency to the czar-witch general, Count Vorontoff Dachauff, aid-de-camp of the emperor and minister of the imperial house. K. P. Pobiedonosteff, procurator general of the poly synod, actual privy councillor Witte, minister of finance, Actual Privy Councillor Dumov, minister of the interior, and General Vansvorst, minister of war.

#### Condition Extremely Critical.

London, October 19.—The latest dispatches received at the Russian embassy here state that the condition of the czar is extremely critical. The news of his condition has caused a gloom over St. Petersburg, Berlin, Cologne, Athens and other continental cities. A dispatch to The Globe from Paris this afternoon says that private advices received at the French capital indicate that the condition of the czar is hopeless and that the end is near. This news has caused a most profound sensation everywhere.

#### Attacked with a Spasm.

Berlin, October 19.—A dispatch received here from Livadia, by way of St. Petersburg, says that yesterday the czar was suddenly attacked with a spasm directed at affecting his breast. He was compelled to lie down and his confessor, Father Yanschew, was summoned immediately. Nevertheless the dispatch says Professor Leiden has hopes of his majesty's ultimate recovery.

#### Sinking Slowly.

Vienna, October 19.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Foreign office says that the czar is sinking slowly and the news of his death may come at any moment.

#### Rumor of the Czar's Death.

Paris, October 19.—The Courier d'Alsace says it is rumored that the czar is dead.



## CUT TO PIECES.

The Horrible Death of a Flagman on the Seaboard Air-Line Yesterday.

STEPPED BETWEEN CARS IN MOTION

Fell Under the Wheels and Was Pulled Out a Mangled Mass—The Road Excused by the Coroner's Jury.

At 5:30 yesterday afternoon W. B. Greer, a flagman on the Seaboard Air-Line road, stepped in to couple the cars of a moving freight train at Belt Junction and was instantly killed.

His body was horribly mutilated, and when the train stopped scarcely anything but a mangled mass remained. Coroner Jones, of DeKalb, was notified at once. An inquest was held and a verdict was rendered to the effect that the man came to his death from his own carelessness. This morning at 1 o'clock the remains were brought into Atlanta and will be kept at Undertaker Patterson's until called for by his relatives.

Greer came to Atlanta three weeks ago and applied at the office of the Seaboard Air-Line for work. He said that he had been recently a conductor on a freight train running from Savannah, and that he had a brother in that city. He came originally, he said, from Bearstown, a small station on the Athens branch of the Georgia road. His parents reside there.

The man was about thirty-five years old, and of splendid physique. His appearance made a favorable impression, and he was put immediately to work. Since then he has filled the place of flagman. He was employed in that capacity yesterday afternoon when killed.

Green was on the incoming freight due in Atlanta at 6 o'clock. The train, in charge of Conductor Dick Lawton and Engineer Joe Sauceman, arrived at the Belt junction on time, and was preparing to side track in order to let the passenger pass. Several cars were to be left there also, and it was for that purpose that Greer left the caboose.

At the time the train was moving slowly, Conductor Lawton signalled for it to stop, but in his haste presumably, to uncouple the cars, Greer did not wait for the train to come to a stand. The conductor saw him jump lightly between the cars and called to him to take care. It was too late. As Greer stepped in his foot tripped, and he was thrown across the track. He was cut to pieces in an instant and could be stopped on for ten feet before he could be stopped.

Conductor Lawton rushed to the place and with several others of the crew lifted out the mangled remains. They were taken to the yards of the Seaboard Air-Line. The coroner was notified, and when he arrived ordered that the remains be carried back to the scene of the accident. Here the inquest was held. Only one or two witnesses were examined.

Conductor Lawton testified that he was standing near the rear of the train. It was slackening up for the purpose of putting off some cars. He saw Greer go in between the cars while the train was moving and called to him. He thought that Greer was impatient to get to town, and wanted to get through quick. Greer must have fallen just as he stepped in. Possibly he tripped on the track. He saw the cars bumping up and he knew that he had been caught under the wheels. Greer was dead when he came up.

Conductor Lawton also testified that it was strictly against the rules of any road to step between the cars while in motion. A negro brakeman, who was on the same train, testified that he saw Greer step in between the cars while they were moving. Engineer Sauceman knew nothing except that he had been signalled to stop and was slackening up.

This morning shortly after 1 o'clock the remains of the dead man were brought into Atlanta in Patterson's undertaking wagon. They will be kept at the establishment until sent for by his relatives.

While Greer was with the road only a short while he was considered a splendid man, and had shown himself to be one of the best workmen on the line. Conductor Lawton and the rest of the crew were terribly grieved over the accident.

A verdict was handed in by the coroner's jury to the effect that death was caused by the flagman's own carelessness.

The most eminent scientists, including United States government chemists, have united in endorsement of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

DEATH OF MRS. HOPKINS.

The Mother of Dr. I. S. Hopkins, of Atlanta, Passes Away.

Augusta, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—At an early hour this morning Mrs. Rebecca Hopkins died. Mrs. Hopkins was the mother of Mrs. W. M. Dunbar, of this city, and Dr. I. S. Hopkins, of the Technological school, in Atlanta. She was a noble and true Christian woman.

At Oakley.

Oakley, O., October 19.—The track was fast and the attendance good today. One favorite won, and two-blank, Kennedy, in the second, and a tremendous in the fourth race failed to show up.

First race, mile, third time, 1:44. Second race, six furlongs, Leonard B. won. Toot second, Picacon third. Time, 1:25. Third race, mile, Pearl Song won. Davela second, Crevasse third. Time, 1:40. Fourth race, seven furlongs, The Iron-master won. Cyclone second, Clementine third. Time, 1:24. Fifth race, six furlongs, Himyara won. Travers second, Willard third. Time, 1:26.

Races at Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., October 19.—The attendance at Cumberland park today was in striking contrast to that of the day before. The patrons of the association were evidently vexed over the judges' decision in the Robert J. John R. Gentry race and refused to lend their presence to the sport. Ralph Wilkes, owned by Thayer Brothers, of Boston, went against his record of 2:08 1/2 and went in 2:08 1/2. An eighth race was brought in and won, another mile, going the distance in 2:08 1/2. Hal Dillard also went against his record of 2:07 1/2 and lowered it to 2:05 1/2, which puts him at the head of the list of brown Hays.

The unfinished 2:25 pace was won by Vixen, Roscoe second, Foxhound third. Best time 2:14 1/2.

Melrose stake, consolation, for two-year-olds, 2:30 mile, 1:40. Second, Eagle Pass third. Best time 2:24 1/2. 2:17 trot, Gratton won. Elfrida second. Leo third. Best time 2:13 1/2. 2:21 trot, purse \$2,000, (unfinished) Hot-Law won the first two heats, trotted. Best time 2:13 1/2.

American Baseball Association.

Philadelphia, October 19.—The organizers of the American Baseball Association met again today in the Colorado hotel and elected William S. Kames, of Philadelphia, president and secretary. Representatives from Philadelphia, Washington, Chicago and Pittsburg were chosen as the board of directors. A committee of three was appointed to elect an eighth club.

Senator Morgan in Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala., October 19.—(Special.) Senator John T. Morgan arrived here today and will speak upon the political issues of the day tomorrow at 11 o'clock in the Wigwam. Special preparations for the occasion have been made and it is estimated that fully 8,000 people will listen to this distinguished orator tomorrow.

## REST IN OAKLAND.

Mrs. Lambuth Brought Back to Her Home to Be Buried.

STORY OF AN INTERESTING LIFE

Lived for a Number of Years in Japan. Was One of Atlanta's Most Popular Young Ladies.

The body of Mrs. Alice Craig Lambuth, wife of Captain R. W. Lambuth, of Culleoka, was laid to rest in the Craig family lot in Oakland cemetery yesterday morning.

Mrs. Lambuth was the daughter of Dr. H. L. W. Craig, who was a resident of Atlanta, well known and prominent throughout the state, and a leading member of the journalistic school at one time, and her death recalls to mind the prominence of her family, the love in which she was held before she left Atlanta, and the story of a life full of interest to many who were residents of Atlanta during the lifetime of her father.

In the early '80s Miss Lambuth, then one of the most popular young ladies of the city, was married to Captain R. W. Lambuth, around whose life there entwines an interesting history, too.

Captain Lambuth was a son of an eminent divine who was among the very first missionaries that went to Japan. At the time the Rev. Dr. Lambuth and his wife sought the orient, there was more danger in the missionary field than there is today. But with a trust in the Master he was serving, he went to the Japanese country. While he was a resident of that country Captain Lambuth was born and the early days of his life were passed among the Japanese. In the early '80s he visited the United States and made a tour of the country. Among other points he visited was Atlanta, and while he was here he became acquainted with the lady who became his wife. After Captain Lambuth was wedded he was offered a fine position with the Japanese government and to that country he went. While he was residing in Japan a daughter was born to him, and she still lives. A few years ago Captain Lambuth decided to return to his home country and he settled at Culleoka, where he was placed at the head of the academy in that place, one of the finest schools in the country.

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## HIS TIME TO SMILE.

George Oakes Is Back and Gives an Account of His Trip to Columbus.

SAYS HE LIVED LIKE A PRINCE.

A Burglar Enters a Blacksmith's Room and Relieves Him of His Clothes and Footlock—Another Burglar.

George Oakes, that peculiar individual whose strange tale to Chief Williams, of Columbus, caused the arrest in that city of the two men supposed to be Tom Delk and Buck O'Shields, appeared in Atlanta yesterday.

He wore a huge smile and told about the affair with keen enjoyment. "Me an' them fellers were a-travelin' together," he said, "and they gets mad with me because I wouldn't divvy up the boddie with 'em. I went to the chief and I says, I can tell him where he gets two good ones, and he says 'where?' and then I tells him where Thomson and Johnson are lying out. He asked me then who they were and I told him, 'Tom Delk and Buck O'Shields'."

"I was a wantin' somethin' to eat, too, and I knew if I told him that I would get all I wanted to chew. Soon as I let him in, he calls me into his office and asks me all about who they are, and I tells him that they are the biggest game in the state."

"I had a fat time then. That man calls me into his office and gives me all I want to drink. He handed me over a jug and told me to just help myself. I took a lub and says, 'take another drink.' He sent two or three telegrams to Atlanta and every time he got an answer he would tell me to hit the jug—and I hit it, too."

"I went out in the evening to show the police where those fellers was. I rode in a fine buggy and the coppers walked. Then they caught the boys and I came back. Bet yer sweet life I never had such a high old time as I had that night. I filled up on a good supper and pulled in at a first-rate boardin' place."

"Next mornin' Officer Bevers came down from Atlanta to see who them fellers were, and I knew it was a case of hide out for me, so I hit the country. Yesterday I hit a freight train and I got in here this mornin'."

"Chief Williams and them Columbus cops are great people, but I'm dead on 'em. See?"

Robbed the Blacksmith.

Last night at 9 o'clock the room of H. Davis, 60 North Broad street, was entered by a burglar and a large amount of goods taken away. No one was at the place at the time, and the burglar, after entering the window, had the whole place to himself. Besides the clothing which he escaped, he carried off a box containing \$36. This was locked in the trunk of the car. The burglar was followed by the police, and he was taken to the police station. He is now in the police station, and he is being held for a trial.

A small negro was arrested by Patrolman Hollingsworth yesterday upon the charge of burglarizing the store of Sims & Aiken on Decatur street. The place was entered Friday night and a lot of hams taken out.

To Try the Porter.

Walter Wright, the negro porter who was arrested upon the charge of robbing Douglas Thomas & Davis, will be given a preliminary hearing this morning before Justice Landrum. A lot of other goods supposed to be taken by the negro were discovered yesterday. Detective Ivy has recovered in all over \$300 worth of stolen property.

Do you have trouble with your baking? You have yourself to blame. Use Dr. Price's Baking Powder and trials will disappear. It acts perfectly.

PATROLMAN WILSON DEAD.

A Well-Known Member of the Police Force Passes Away Yesterday.

Yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock Patrolman J. C. Wilson, one of the best known members of the police force, died at his home on Greenleaf avenue.

For over a week Wilson had been off duty, but until Wednesday he was not considered seriously ill. Yesterday morning he was thought to be better, but about noon he took a sudden turn for the worse and died in two hours.

Wilson had been with the



# WILL BUY A PAIR OF LADIES' Boots!

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7 Whitehall.

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eman who would sit still,  
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y you would not only put  
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le a few doses will cure the  
er cent of suffering is due  
pepsia. Look to your in-

Save Your Life.

## THE DEATH RECORD.

h, Ga., October 19.—(Special.)—  
Rheney, a prominent physician  
ille, died today of typhoid fever.  
October 19.—(Special.)—  
al of the late ex-associate ju-  
G. Reade, was held here this  
at the First Presbyterian church.  
McRae and Barnwell and Su-  
rnt Clerk Kanan were honorary  
phen and Associate Justices.  
October 19.—(Special.)—  
Mincey, a Christian young lady  
years, after a long illness of  
il, passed away at 2 o'clock this  
day.

## FUNERAL NOTICE.

—The friends of Mr. and Mrs.  
uebler are invited to attend the  
of the latter today at 11 o'clock  
m the German Lutheran church.  
October 20, 1894, at 2:30  
The following gentlemen will  
allbearers and are requested to  
the undertaking rooms of H.  
W. M. Turner, P. A. Erwin,  
atkinson, J. L. Turner, C. I.  
and A. G. Dodge. Interment at  
2 o'clock a. m.

## PRETTY CHINA

GO TO—

China and Oil Paintings Art  
Sale. Visitors always welcome.

M. Scott, Auctioneer.

sale of personal property of  
deceased, consisting of  
horse, hogs, farming imple-  
ments and kitchen effects, on  
Monday, October 22, 2 p. m.  
THOMAS L. FRANKS,  
Executor.

## NOW SPEEDING AWAY

The Street Railway People Have Reversed  
Trolleys and Gone Home.

MR. JOEL HURT ELECTED PRESIDENT.

The Barbecue at Ponce De Leon  
Springs Was Delightful.

A GREAT CONVENTION IT HAS BEEN

The Visitors Carry Away Many Pleasant  
Memories of Atlanta's Bonfire of  
Yesterday's Session.

The street railway men have reversed  
trolleys and are now speeding along on the  
trip homeward.  
They finished up the work of the con-  
vention yesterday, just after high noon, and  
with a grand old-fashioned Georgia barbe-  
cue as a wind-up, dispersed in the same  
happy humor that characterized their stay  
in the Gate City of the South throughout.

It has been a great convention and a good  
meeting. Never, perhaps, were there so  
many good souls called together by the  
president of the American Street Railway  
Association, and sure it is there was never  
a more enjoyable gathering of the street car  
men of America than this has been.

From start to finish, the convention has  
been a success. The crowning feature of it,  
however, has been the social phase. The lo-  
cal committee on entertainment went to  
work with a hearty zest weeks ago for the  
furtherance of this particular part of the  
convention. Nothing was left undone that  
might have been done for the entertain-  
ment of the guests of the city, and all of  
the visitors will carry away with them the  
warmest feelings for the city of Atlanta  
and the people who have built it.

"We are all dead in love with this town,"  
said President Payne just before he ad-  
joined the meeting. "We will not soon  
forget the many courtesies that have been  
shown us by the southern people, and we  
will remember Atlanta when the exposition  
opens. We have inwardly pledged our  
hearts to come back and visit this splendid  
city when the flags are flying gay and free  
and the gates of the great exposition are  
flung wide open to the world."

The sentiment was taken up by all pre-  
sent, and it is certain that Atlanta will  
have all the street railway men once more  
one year hence.

The members of the association rejoice  
that they decided to come to Atlanta. It  
was a revelation to many of them to come  
and spend three or four days in the heart  
of the sunny south. Many of them had  
never seen cotton growing in the fields before,  
and it was amusing to see them paying  
nervous prices for cotton bolls as souvenirs  
of their trip. Others were profoundly  
interested in making a study of the condi-  
tions of the darkies of the south. What a  
picture it was yesterday on the grounds to  
see them tossing up coins to a great flock  
of "little town coons" just for the fun of  
seeing them scuffle and wrestle for them in  
the sand, sometimes fighting over the prize.

But the greatest curiosity of them all to  
the northern visitor was the old-time Geor-  
gia barbeque that was given on the beau-  
tiful lawn at Ponce de Leon springs yester-  
day just after the convention had adjourned.  
This was a perfect wonder to them.

Captain Bob Lowry, in charge of the  
entertainment, spared no pains in making  
the "cue" all that it ought to be.  
B. W. Kleibacker, who knows what de-  
lights the palate of the most fastidious es-  
timate, gave all of his attention to the roast-  
ing of the delicious viands and when the  
crowds gathered about the tables he was  
ready with one of the most tempting arrays  
of barbecued mutton, pork and beef.

There were more than six hundred hun-  
gry men and women on the grounds in time  
to partake of the great feast, and the way  
they did make away with the delicious  
meats, pickles, Brunswick stews and beer  
was something marvelous. They had all  
heard of the typical old Georgia barbeque,  
and they realized every expectation in the  
enjoyment of the occasion.

It was a picturesque feast—so cool and  
restful beneath the dense foliage of  
the stalwart oaks and elms that shade the  
green lawns. The day was bright and sun-  
ny and the breeze delightfully refreshing,  
as it swept down upon the scene through  
the gold-tinted leaves of the trees.

It was a beautiful climax to the contin-  
uous round of pleasure and joy that has been  
revealed in by the visitors by night and by  
day since they came to Atlanta, and the  
memory of it will linger like the visions of  
a bright happy dream!

## MR. HURT IS PRESIDENT.

The Atlanta is Highly Honored by  
the National Association.

As predicted in The Constitution several  
days ago, Mr. Joel Hurt of this city, has  
been elected president of the American  
Street Railway Association.  
The election took place yesterday morn-  
ing when the session was called to order.  
Chairman McLean, of the committee on  
nominations, reported the following list of  
new officers and they were all elected unan-  
imously by the convention:

President—Joel Hurt, Atlanta.

First Vice President—W. W. Bean, St.  
Joseph, Mo.

Second Vice President—J. M. Cunningham,  
Boston.

Third Vice President—Russell B. Harrison,  
Terre Haute, Ind.

Secretary and Treasurer—W. J. Richardson,  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Executive Committee—Henry C. Payne,  
Milwaukee, Wis.; General W. H. Jackson,  
Nashville, Tenn.; Mr. D. G. Hamilton, St.  
Louis and Chicago; G. C. Cunningham,  
Canada; and John M. Partridge, New York.

Mr. Hurt, the new president, is well  
known as the man who has advanced the  
rapid transit interests of Atlanta to the  
degree of perfection now enjoyed. He is  
known as one of the most gifted men in  
this line of work in the United States, one  
of the pluckiest and brainiest men in the  
business and one of the most broad-minded  
and patriotic men of the new south.

Mr. Hurt is a native Georgian, having  
been born in the city of Columbus. He  
came to Atlanta a number of years ago  
and began life here, since which time he  
has been building up a name as a most suc-  
cessful business man and a Napoleon in the  
street railway world.

He is strictly a self-made man. When  
he came to Atlanta he was a poor man,  
and is said to have had nothing with which  
to make a start in the world save the in-  
domitable perseverance that has character-  
ized his life work. For a time it was a  
hard matter for him to keep up with the  
debts he ventured to incur in confidence of  
his capabilities and possibilities, but soon  
he was on the wave of success and his tal-  
ents and unswerving labors began to reap  
their rightful rewards.

He is now regarded as one of the ablest  
financiers in the south.

It was a compliment to Atlanta when  
Mr. Hurt was elected president of the as-

sociation and an honor to himself worthily  
here.

The Next Meeting in Montreal.

It was decided at the morning session  
yesterday to hold the next convention in  
Montreal.

There were only two places that engaged  
the serious consideration of the conven-  
tion—Montreal and Philadelphia.

The committee left the matter with the  
association to decide. There was quite a  
fight over it. The delegates from Philadel-  
phia fought manfully for their city, but it  
was to no avail. It was urged by the dele-  
gates that these trips are taken as much  
from a source of pleasure as business, and  
from this reason it was desirable of select-  
ing Montreal, the trip there being one of  
sight-seeing and pleasure.

There were speeches made for both  
places by enthusiastic delegates. The ex-  
hibitors all wanted to go to Philadelphia  
because it would be easy to get their dis-  
plays there, and they claimed that the ex-  
hibitors would have a great part in the  
convention. The vote was Montreal, 35; Philadelphia,  
17, and was received with loud applause by  
those who favored the former.

A Committee on Insurance.

In view of the many questions of insur-  
ance arising out of the meeting it was  
moved and carried that a committee on in-  
surance be appointed to make report at the  
next session of the executive committee.

The committee will be as follows: Russell  
B. Harrison, chairman, Terre Haute, A.  
Dyer, Augusta, Ga.; C. Perrine, Trenton,  
N. J.; Mr. Lusher, Montreal, and Mr.  
Baumhauf, St. Louis.

Constitutional Amendments.

Secretary Richardson reported the pro-  
posed amendments to the constitution, and  
by laws of the association, which, after  
some discussion, were adopted upon the ex-  
planations given in advance of the amend-  
ments by the secretary as follows:

"The proposed amendments, one to the  
constitution, the other to the bylaws, are  
herewith submitted, and, though it would  
not be binding in any sense, we should  
be pleased if a vote were taken at this meet-  
ing, without debate, that we might ascer-  
tain whether the judgment of the associa-  
tion is in accord with that of your commit-  
tee, on both subjects. The proposed amend-  
ments are as follows:

"Article I. of the constitution shall be  
amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. The members of this associa-  
tion shall be as follows:

"Section 2. Active members shall be  
American street railway companies or in-  
dividual owners of street rail-  
ways; and each member shall be entitled  
to one vote by a delegate presenting prop-  
er credentials.

"Section 3. Associate members shall be  
individuals or companies, not street rail-  
ways, who have been recommended by an  
active member. Associate members shall  
have no vote.

"Article VII. of bylaws shall be amended  
by the substitution of the word 'Tuesday'  
for 'Wednesday' in the following words:  
The following words to the first section,  
namely, 'and shall continue four days.'"

Mr. Hurt Sent For.

In view of the fact that Mr. Joel Hurt  
had not been present when he was elected  
president of the association a committee  
was appointed to notify him of his selection.  
Mr. Hurt was found in the exhibitor's  
hall and happily accepted the high honor that  
was bestowed upon him, expressing much grati-  
tude and pledging his best efforts for the fur-  
therance of the associations' best interests. His speech  
was received with loud applause.

Several papers already reviewed in the  
columns of The Constitution in advance,  
were read by title only, owing to the haste  
of the convention to adjourn. The papers  
will all be mailed to the members.

The convention adjourned at half past 1  
o'clock until the next meeting in Montreal,  
next October.

## SCENES AT THE BARBECUE.

It Was a Revelation to Many of Our  
Northern Friends—All Pleased.

A genuine old-fashioned barbeque!

That was what they all wanted, and that  
was what they had.

The visitors from the north had heard of  
the concern all their lives, so they said,  
and they wanted to see one—a real, live  
barbeque, of the olden vintage.

Captain Bob Lowry knew how to do it  
up to the queen's taste, and when the  
crowds went from the machinery hall to  
the grounds around beautiful Ponce de  
Leon springs, they found one of the grand-  
est feasts in readiness for them they had  
ever before experienced.

They sniffed the fragrant order of the  
broiling meats from afar, and came with a  
rush, for if there was ever more tempting  
and appetizing odors in this wide world  
than those one whiffs around a barbeque  
pit they have not been recorded on the  
scrap books of the chefs of the civilized  
world.

The grass around the tables was green,  
the air was cool and pleasant, the trees  
were red and gold in the variegated hues  
of their foliage, and the day was as bright  
and sunny as the world is wide. Far down  
amidst the surrounding the crowds gather-  
ed between the hills that encircled the  
valley of Ponce de Leon and the pretty blue  
smoke that curled upwards from the fan-  
ciful picture gave additional beauty and  
attractiveness to the scene.

The street railway people and many At-  
lantians besides gathered around the boards,  
which were arranged in a way that accom-  
modated all the vast throng within a com-  
paratively small space, and the feast began.  
Twenty-five or thirty darkies rushed back  
and forth up and down the long tables  
with their loads of delicious meat and dai-  
ly viands and the hungry multitude ate  
with wondrous devouring power.

Captain Harry Jackson and Major Liv-  
ingston Mims did much to make the visit-  
ors have a good time at the cue. They told  
stories and recalled pleasant incidents at  
times and groups of northerners here  
and there all the while. Many of the vis-  
itors were particularly interested in the  
study of "how the thing is done" and stood  
a long while on the brink of the pit look-  
ing at the cooks turn the meats in the poles  
upon which they rest while undergoing the  
roasting process.

The spread was greatly added to by the  
refreshing beer that was on tap on the  
ground nearby. Several huge kegs of beer  
were there for the visitors to drink, and  
they partook of it most freely.

All in all the barbeque may be called the  
most interesting part of the entire conven-  
tion to the northern people.

## Scenes at the Trains.

Last night at 11 o'clock hundreds of the  
delegates were congregated at the union  
passenger depot to take the trains that were  
about to depart with them back to their  
homes in the north.

There were two trains to be run out of  
Atlanta by the Southern, one of them carry-  
ing five sleepers through to New York,  
and the other carrying four sleepers and a  
dining car.

One of the trains will run by way of Lu-  
ray cave, the other by way of Asheville,  
N. C.

The departing visitors gathered around  
their trains and sang happy songs until the  
engines steamed away and when then it  
was with reluctance that they hushed their  
serenade to the city of Atlanta and their

peacocks in praise of the people who reside  
here.

"What's the matter with Atlanta?" shout-  
ed a half dozen voices all in one.

"She's all right!" came back the response  
from a hundred throats.

"What's the matter with Joe Hurt?" came  
the next boisterous inquiry.

And then all joined in like a chorus  
of college boys, and said:

"He's first in war, the first in peace—the  
first in the hands of the city police—see!"

It was a gay crowd. They sang "Should  
Auld Acquaintance Be Forgotten?" and then  
sang "How Can I Bear to Leave Thee?" and  
next, "Meet in the Lane Tonight at  
Nine," and last of all they sang  
"Home, Sweet Home."

Lionel C. Levy Responds.

"The sentiment to which it is my privi-  
lege to respond is a modern paradox, the ac-  
curacy of which I am not prepared to admit  
except for the purpose of refuting it.

"The throbbing heart of this great met-  
ropolis in which we are convened is a re-  
futation in itself of the idea which the  
sentiment might convey, presenting as it  
does the best object lesson today in the  
whole world, of the foundation, progress  
and possibilities of a great city, which, as  
born but of yesterday, has already at-  
tained in the accomplished results a growth  
of centuries. A city which from the smol-  
dering embers of war's conflagration kind-  
led a beacon light of hope, the radiance of  
which has never been dimmed by internal  
dissension or disaster.

"A city whose name has become a syn-  
onym for emulation, example and encour-  
agement of all that is hopeful, helpful and  
promotive of general progress.

"A city, which, from the nettle danger,  
had the courage and inspiration to pluck  
the flower of safety, and in the throes of a  
financial crisis and in the midst of almost  
universal national depression, conceived,  
inaugurated and has assured in advance  
the success of the grandest industrial ex-  
position that the south has ever known."

"Such a city, its phenomenal progress, en-  
terprise and achievement, is new, its growth  
trunk railroads and interlacing network of

generous and confiding people whose only  
true democracy is based upon the virtues  
and chastity of its women, the nobility  
and complete manliness of its men.

As is the source to the steam, the ocean  
to its tides, the broad nurturing bosom of  
the earth to its perennial buds and blos-  
soms, eternally to the and the immortal  
surviving soul to the crumbling clay, is  
the true relation of the old south to the  
light in heart of gold for all."

Yet, under the old south, the old south  
is the true relation of the old south to the  
light in heart of gold for all."

"The iron ores, coal fields and marble  
quarries, which, old as the trivolties cen-  
turies, have been the source of the old south  
to the light in heart of gold for all."

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## 10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., October 20, 1894.

## The Race in the Tenth.

One of the most interesting of the congressional races in Georgia this year is that in the tenth district between Hon. J. C. C. Black, the present incumbent, and Hon. Thomas E. Watson. The Constitution takes this occasion to extend a word of sympathy and support to the democracy of that district in its effort to re-elect Major Black, who is now serving his first term, and who has made in every respect, a wise, conservative, faithful and prudent representative of the people of his district. Major Black is entitled to re-election and fully deserves the hearty support of every democrat in this district, and there is certainly not a man in the district who voted for him two years ago who should not now be glad at having the opportunity of endorsing that vote.

A great deal has been said, and much has been claimed by the populists, concerning the alleged counting out of Mr. Watson two years ago. Great injustice has been done not only to Major Black, but to the democrats of the tenth district by the systematic effort which has had as its studied purpose the presentation of Mr. Watson in the role of a martyr, and Mr. Black as having occupied a seat to which he was not entitled. It has been held that Richmond county's vote of more than 12,000 in the last congressional election was prima facie evidence of fraud and that on an honest poll and a fair count, it would have been impossible for that county to have developed anything like that voting strength. This has been the contention of the populists, and with this as a premise they have for two years urged a systematic crusade against the fairness of the count by which Major Black was elected.

In 1892 the poll of Richmond county, as it appeared from the report of the comptroller general, was 11,500. Thus it will be seen that the vote of the county did not go wide of the strength to which it was entitled. We do not pretend to say that there were not some irregularities in Richmond county, but we do say that the election in that county was not a whit more irregularly conducted than in some of the populist counties of the district. On the other hand, the vote of Richmond county was a lesson in law and order as compared with the wild discrepancy between the voting strength and the vote polled in some of the counties which the populists carried.

In Columbia county the total polled there was 1,216, and there were 2,103 votes cast in the November election in 1892. The voting strength of Lincoln county was 939, and 1,188 votes were cast. In McDuffie county the poll was 1,328, and the vote cast was 1,022, and the taxbooks were destroyed so as to prevent the democrats from weeding out the illegal votes. Thus it will be seen that Columbia county cast nearly twice as many votes as it had polls, and Lincoln and McDuffie nearly 50 per cent more than the taxbooks showed they were entitled to. In all three of these counties the democratic vote was small—almost nominal.

This demonstrates conclusively that before the populists could engage in troubling themselves about the vote in the eyes of their democratic brethren they should at least give some attention to the beams in their own eye. It demonstrates that if there was any fraudulent voting in that district—and, of course, there was—the populists were more guilty of the offense than the democrats, and that in the populist counties the fraudulent vote was by far in excess of that in the democratic counties, in proportion to the legal vote of the respective counties. It shows that the effort to make it appear that the populists in the tenth district have a monopoly of the honesty of the district, as represented at the ballot box, is entirely unfounded and that, according to their own standard, the democrats of the district were far less guilty of wrongdoing than they. The populists should cease to discuss the last election in the tenth district, at least until they can explain satisfactorily the fraudulent voting in the counties where they had control.

Major Black should be re-elected, and it is a matter of gratification to the democrats throughout the state that Hon. Boykin Wright, one of the most fearless and aggressive democratic leaders in the state, is again in charge of the campaign in that district. If there was reason for Major Black to win two years ago, there is more reason now, for he has the advantage of experience, and the people have the advantage of knowing that he has made an able, conscientious and fearless representative; that he has manfully defended

every pledge of the democratic platform, and that if there has been any failure to redeem these pledges, Major Black, and such representatives as have stood with him, in fighting for the people's interests, have not been responsible for it.

## Hon. C. H. Brand.

Senator-elect C. H. Brand, of the thirty-fourth district, will be a candidate for president pro tem of the senate, having abandoned his idea of becoming a candidate for the presidency of that body. Mr. Brand concludes not to make the race for the presidency on account of the fact that a contest has been filed by his opponent, Mr. Baxter, against his right to a seat in the senate. Of course, if Mr. Brand were chosen president of the senate it would be incumbent upon him to appoint the various committees of that body, including the committee on privileges and elections, which will sit in judgment on his contest. Appreciating the situation, Mr. Brand voluntarily retires, and at the insistence of many of his senatorial colleagues, has consented to allow the use of his name for president pro tem.

Mr. Brand is a young man of splendid ability and sterling integrity. He will be one of the most active and valuable members of the senate. He is a graduate of the University of Georgia of the class of 1881, and is one of the most prominent attorneys in northeast Georgia. He is a well equipped parliamentarian, and there is not a member of the senate who could discharge the duties of this position with more satisfaction to his friends, or with more credit to the body of which he is a member, than he. We trust that he will be elected.

## The Situation in New York.

From a democratic point of view the situation in New York is deplorable. We believe there would be no doubt of the election of Mr. Hill, the democratic nominee for governor, and the success of the democratic party in a majority of the congressional districts in the state, were it not for the disaffection being created in New York city, under the direction of Mr. Charles S. Fairchild and those who seem to be in sympathy with him as against the regular democratic nominees.

It is said that democratic "dummy" candidates for congress will be run by the Fairchild element in almost every district in New York city, and probably in several districts in Brooklyn, for no other purpose than to divide the democratic vote and paralyze the efforts of the democrats to maintain their normal strength in the election of next month. If Mr. Fairchild succeeds the democratic party is lost in New York. After its many years of unbroken victories, it will suffer a defeat from which it will take it a long time to recover, if it ever recovers.

What does Mr. Fairchild mean? What sort of a democrat is he? Does he feel under no obligations whatever to the party which has honored him with a seat in the cabinet and which has in many ways bestowed upon him evidences of confidence and esteem? Is he deliberately scuttling the ship because he cannot control it?

Suppose Mr. Fairchild succeeds? What would that success amount to? He does not hope to elect a single one of his candidates. It is not even a remote possibility, and he does not claim that to be one of his purposes of his antagonism to the democratic nominees. His success will simply mean the defeat and the downfall of the democratic party in New York and the triumph of the republicans. If this is what Mr. Fairchild wants the indications are that he will be accommodated, if he continues his reckless and unprecedented course of antagonism to the nominees of the party.

In the name of the party and in regard to the future hope of the party, Mr. Fairchild and his sympathizers should desist in their disastrous conduct! The democracy of the whole country is vitally interested in the result in New York, and in attacking the democratic organization in that state Mr. Fairchild and his followers are undermining democratic ascendancy in every part of the country.

## The Democratic Pledges.

We print elsewhere a letter from Mr. A. B. Shockley, an old friend of and a subscriber to The Constitution. He refers to some advice we gave him in a private letter in reference to supporting the nominee of the democratic party in 1892, and asks us some questions in regard to results.

Our correspondent ought to know, if he has kept up with the course of affairs in congress, that the democratic party cannot be justly charged with the postponement of financial relief—the temporary repudiation of the platform declaration that pledges the party to the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country.

The responsibility rests entirely with a few bolting congressmen—pretended democrats—who, by joining the republicans, were able to defeat and temporarily postpone all financial legislation promised by the platform. Why should our correspondent or any other sensible person do the democratic party the injustice of confounding it with those eastern bushwhackers who were elected to congress under the name of democrats in order that they might more perfectly carry out the designs of the Shylocks and their partners in Europe.

It seems to us that it ought to be perfectly plain to every intelligent voter that these eastern bushwhackers are not only not the democratic party, but that they are not even democrats. Why then should the party be held responsible for the successful efforts of the coalition to defeat platform legislation? This being so, the complaints and criticisms of our correspondent fall to the ground.

We make no excuses for individuals—we do not defend any person who was or is opposed to the restoration of silver to its old place in our currency system as the unit of value and as a part of the money of final redemption—but we do defend the democratic party against

the unjust charges that would make it responsible—in the face of facts, that ought to be known to every voter—for the temporary repudiation of any platform pledge.

Men as intelligent and as earnest as our correspondent can afford to be just. The issues involved in the democratic financial policy are of such vital importance that no man, who believes in that policy, or who believes in democratic principles, can afford to lose sight for a moment of the real causes of the failure of the party to substitute democratic legislation for the Sherman law.

We regret to see that our correspondent and other earnest men are falling into the trap that has been set for the democrats of the south and west by the eastern bushwhackers. Our correspondent is blind indeed if he does not perceive that there is now and has been for some time a deliberate effort on the part of the schemers who are in favor of the single gold standard to divide the democratic party. The developments in Nebraska and the bushwhacking campaigns that have been made in some of the southern states ought to open the eyes of the people to the effort that is now under way to defeat silver legislation by dividing the democratic party so that the apostles of John Sherman may be able to get hold of and control the machinery of the organization.

It is true that there has been an untimely postponement of the democratic purpose to restore silver to its old place, but when our correspondent, or any other democrat, deserts its ranks, he makes further postponement possible and contributes materially to the success of the schemes of the element that fought the democratic policy in congress.

Our correspondent says he has gone into the populist party because he believes in the principles of that party, but we suspect that his real motive lies back of his mistaken belief that the democratic party itself, and not a few irresponsible individuals, is responsible for the postponement of financial relief. The populist party has some democratic principles in its platform, such as the free coinage of silver and the income tax; but its main plank—the government ownership of the railroads—is not only obnoxious to every idea of democracy, but is a scheme that finds favor only in the monarchial countries of Europe, and there it is not successful. Such a project is opposed to all ideas of financial reform. The condition of the people is bad enough now, but it would be infinitely worse in every respect if the wild scheme of government ownership of the railroads could be carried out. It would involve the issue of hundreds of millions of interest-bearing bonds and place upon the shoulders of the people a burden of taxation almost unendurable. It would not only make a dangerous increase in the army of office holders, but would immensely increase the power and influence of the bondholding class.

From first to last Thomas Jefferson was opposed to centralization, and opposition to any increase in the powers of the federal government is the cardinal principle of Jeffersonian democracy. The great founder of our party would scorn to consort politically with any organization in favor of government ownership of railroads.

## How and Why.

A correspondent writes: "If the government cannot create values, how can it add to the value of the bullion of a silver dollar by stamping it at the mints?"

In the simplest way imaginable. By creating a demand for silver as a money metal. The demand at the open mints would be constant. It would never be satisfied. An unlimited demand would be set up, and as the supply of silver bullion is limited, the value of the metal would necessarily respond to the constant and unlimited demand at the open mints.

With this demand set up every holder of bullion silver could carry it to the mint and receive in exchange for every 371 1/4 grains a full legal tender silver dollar, which he could use in the payment of all his debts both public and private.

Now we ask our correspondent if any holder of silver bullion in this country would be likely to take less for it either in gold or silver than the full legal tender dollars that he could get for it at the mints? It is just as reasonable to suppose that an owner of wheat would sell it for 50 cents a bushel in St. Louis when he could get a dollar a bushel in New York.

To widen the circle of illustration, does our correspondent believe that any holder of silver bullion in any part of the civilized world would take less for it than the sum he could realize by exchanging it for American cotton, wheat and other commodities? Less freights, commissions, etc., the foreign bullion owner could, with 371 1/4 grains of silver, buy a dollar's worth of any American commodity in any part of the world.

The demand at the open mints of the United States, backed by the commercial power of the nation derived from the necessity that the world is under of buying our staple products, would extinguish the commercial value of silver—or to state it differently, the commercial value would be forced up to the mint value, and 371 1/4 grains would be worth a full legal tender dollar. With the value of silver thus uplifted it would be impossible for Europe to buy our wheat and cotton at starvation prices. It would be impossible for Argentina or any other country to compete with our wheat producers in any part of the world. It would be impossible for Europe to buy our cotton at prices measured by depreciated silver.

## In Justice to Judge Newman.

Our contemporary, The Evening Commercial, does an injustice to Judge Newman, of the United States' court, in a statement in its yesterday afternoon's issue, that Mr. P. J. Moran, of The Constitution, was discharged from service as a grand juror because he had been writing articles about the hardships of the revenue laws, which the court did not approve.

Several days ago the editor of The Constitution petitioned the court to ex-

cuse Mr. Moran from jury duty for this term as his service was needed by The Constitution on account of the fact that several members of its force were out of the city on leaves of absence, while the session of the street railway convention and the approaching assembling of the legislature required the attention of The Constitution's available force, particularly during the absence of those who are now out of the city. The following note from the court, received on the 18th of October, explains itself:

Judge Newman desires me to inform you in answer to yours of the 17th instant, that he will excuse Mr. Moran from further attendance upon the court as a grand juror for the term. O. C. FULLER, Clerk.

We are confident The Commercial will take prompt occasion to make the correction to which the court is entitled. Of course, the error was purely unintentional, and as a matter of justice to Judge Newman, it will be promptly corrected, with the knowledge of the facts as above given.

## The Price of Cotton.

We call attention to a communication published elsewhere on this page in reference to the call for a meeting of the executive committee of the State Agricultural Society to consider the advisability of taking some action by which the farmers can obtain a better price for their cotton.

The communication is from one of Georgia's most distinguished citizens. As will be seen, he commends the contemplated discussion of the question by the State Agricultural Society with a view of putting on foot some concert of action for helping the cotton growers of the south. Cotton is now too low—even below the cost of production, and it will not do to ascribe this condition entirely to heavy receipts, for the crop now being harvested is not as large as that of 1891-92, which sold for more than this year's crop is bringing.

Our correspondent is right in saying that no step should be taken which would retire even any considerable part of the present cotton crop without the equivalent of its value being put in circulation. Of course, those who advanced the money on this year's crop are entitled to be paid. If, however, it is possible to obtain further advances on the present crop with the cotton itself as security, the farmers will be enabled to meet their obligations to their creditors, just as though they sold their cotton at the present depressed price, and they would thus be enabled to hold it for better times.

We are glad to know that the State Agricultural Society is to give this matter its consideration, for it is of such importance as to merit the serious attention of our people.

If The Macon Telegraph could convince property owners that there has been no fall in property values it would do a great work.

The average Ohio man is as anxious for office as ever. He is tariff or anti-tariff as the occasion may suggest.

Mr. McKinley is a long time discovering that his tariff law has a punctured tire.

Mr. McKinley and Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, are trying to exchange skyrocket.

The Savannah Press says "gold has become scarcer because the country has been flooded with lightweight dollars." Will The Press kindly tell us in what part of the country this "flood" has occurred?

Tammany seems to be in a tight place. At the same time it should be remembered that Tammany has a way of not staying in tight places.

Perhaps The Baltimore Sun is doing Mr. Gorman a good turn by making him the author of the democratic tariff law. It is a pretty good law.

## PROMINENT GEORGIANS.

Elberton Star: Judge Blackley leaves an unexpected term of four years, and his successor will be elected by the new legislature. Not only is he a man of high judicial distinction and incorruptible integrity, but is a philosopher and humorist of extensive acquaintance. His resignation is one of the unfortunate results of defeating the amendment to the constitution increasing the number of supreme court judges.

Columbia Sentinel: Hon. Boykin Wright takes a very hopeful view of the prospect for victory in the tenth. He has rolled up victories and is putting in some good work for Major Black.

Barnesville Gazette: Hon. Charles L. Bartlett will be elected to congress, with or without a majority from Pike county, but Pike must stand by him. We want to see a little glory given the county and a nice majority for Bartlett will do it.

Thomasville Times: The man who beats Marshall J. Clark for judge of the supreme court will have to get up very early. In fact, he will not find time to retire.

## THE GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

Elberton Star: The members-elect, as a rule, are all able, representative men, and such being the case, much will be required at their hands, and they will be closely watched to see if they measure up to the expectations of their constituency and the demands of the hour. There are questions of more local interest that will be brought up for consideration and action—grave questions upon the proper and prompt settlement of which depends, in a large measure, the prosperity and happiness of the people. Men devoid of demagogism and claptrap inclinations are needed as law-makers. Such men we believe the democracy has elected this year—men who will do right though the heavens fall—men of courage, brains, stability and force of character. It is indeed fortunate for the democracy and the whole people that such is the case in these times of strife and discontent. The Star salutes the coming legislature, feeling confident of its wisdom, courage and statesmanship, and successfully grapple with the grave questions with which it will come in contact.

Savannah News: It is understood that Senator-elect Boyd, of Lumpkin county, will take up the fight against the convict lease system immediately upon the assembling of the legislature. He was a member of the legislature a number of years ago, and at that time was strongly opposed to the system. He favors putting a portion of the convicts on a farm and making them raise food for the whole gang, and putting the other convicts to work upon the public roads. The sentiment in favor of road building with convict labor has spread throughout the state.

Carroll Free Press: The legislature will have its hands full settling contests for seats, made mostly by the populists. The bosses, it seems, have told them to cry "political capital" and they are obeying to the letter.

Albany Herald: When the Georgia legislature gets through with the election of a senator then—oh, well, it will be time, no doubt, to shoot firecrackers.

## JUST FROM GEORGIA.

## The Fishing Season.

They say that cotton's dropped so low it's almost out of sight.  
 We can't pay half the debts we owe—we're bothered day and night;  
 But what's the use in growlin', or sittin' still an' wishin'?

I guess the country must be right, sence Grover's gone a-fishin'!

Some folks, they git dissatisfied when things is goin' so.

An' say there ain't a bit o' use to build, or ar' or mow;

They cease to weave, an' sit an' grieve! but where the river's swishin',

There seems to be the best o' times! \* \* Ain't Grover there a-fishin'?

It's true, the country's lookin' queer; there ain't a bit o' doubt.

That somethin' took a tumble, an' the bottom's droppin' out;

But if things really was that way, an' we was sad an' wishin',

Would Grover keep on, day by day, jest fishin' fishin' fishin'?

## A Philosopher in a Cyclone.

"This is a good town to rise in," observed the editor as the cyclone lifted him to the top of a tall pine, "but when men start on the downward road," he added, as he lost his hold, "their descent is rapid!"

The man who "sings at his work" may be a very happy fellow, but as a rule his happiness is not distributed among the people who may be within hearing distance.

## Take 'Em as They Come.

The sweetest peach the highest grows;  
 The sharpest thorn lurks near the rose;  
 But no man any pleasure reaches  
 Who shuns the rose, or scorns the peaches!

When the cyclone sweeps your house away just thank the Lord that the land is left, for it might have been an earthquake.

## At the Cross Roads.

"Is court took in yet?"

"Not yet."

"What's up?"

"Judge lickin' a lawyer that called him a liar."

The man who hopes for the best may get to the worst at last, but he'll have a happy time getting there.

The Washington, D. C., fishing season lasts all the year and only costs \$30.00.

## See-Saw.

We pass along from joy to gloom,  
 But still we hope an' trust;  
 One day the country's on a boom,  
 Another, on a bust!

The president should not slight Georgia. There is no state in the country that can boast better fishing.

## A Friend in Need.

"All the wood's out," said the editor, "and we're freezing!"

"Cheer up," said the poet, "I have a red-hot poem here for you!"

## Another Matter.

"What does the president get a year?"

"The best fish in the country."

"But I mean salary?"

"Oh!"

"Some folks are hard to please," said the editor, "they lynched a nigger with a pair of silk suspenders, and he actually kicked!"

Roll along with the world, and if the rolling tickles you, just laugh as loud as you like. The whole world will enjoy it.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

## The Export on Cotton.

Editor Constitution: The foremost political economist in the United States, perhaps, in a recent letter to me relative to my suggestion that the clause in the constitution of the United States prohibiting export duty on cotton be provided, states:

"It would tend to develop cotton in the Argentine republic, the only section of the earth's surface from which the south may expect future competition in cotton corresponding to that which has been growing so rapidly in wheat."

This is an important admission. Another correspondent who is one of the most successful manufacturers in the state of New York, suggests that if a heavy import duty on manufactured cotton goods be incorporated in the proposed bill it would make this country the greatest manufacturing country in the world. He is right. If it is right, if such a bill could be passed our cotton shipments to foreign countries would be of manufactured fabrics, rather than raw cotton. That is what is needed. The Daily Financial News of New York has been sent to me with a marked editorial containing the following statement: "We have stated and believe that at the present time, the cotton offers the best field for investment to be found in the world. It is the only section of our country which enjoys a monopoly in its specialty. What fields and gold mines and silver mines, as well as wool clipping and stock raising can be duplicated elsewhere, but cotton culture, except in limited sections, is confined to the southern states. Other parts of the world are growing less cotton every year. In other words cotton can be profitably raised in the south at prices which defy competition, and for this reason the south is getting, if it has not already got, an entire monopoly in its specialty. Now, if by the blockade of our ports from 1861 to 1865, the price of cotton rose from 6 cents a pound to nearly \$2 a pound, sufficient proof is offered of the correctness of the opinion of The Financial News. The party that will incorporate these two planks in its platform, viz: An export duty on raw cotton, and an import duty on manufactured cotton, will sweep the south. Can it be done?"

## Francis Fontaine.

Answered Elsewhere Editorially.  
 Burk, Ark., October 15.—Editor Constitution: In looking over my old files today I came across a letter that I received from you November 8, 1892, in answer to one I had written you a few days previously in regard to your course in supporting Mr. Cleveland, etc.

You said in your letter that the reason why you were supporting Mr. Cleveland was because he was the nominee of the democratic party; that you had opposed his nomination, but it was your duty, as a good democrat, to submit to the convention, and that you felt sure that I would very soon approve of the wisdom of your course.

Now, hoping that it will not be intruding too much upon your valuable time, let me ask you a few questions with due respect and courtesy.

Has the democratic administration effected anything beneficial to the masses of the people that you could now ask me to greatly approve?

Have they not (the democrats) repudiated every pledge they made to the people except about one?

Is not Mr. Cleveland about as good a republican as Ben Harrison or Tom Reed?

Are there any great differences in the workings of the democratic and republican parties?

I believe in the principles of the people's party because I think they are the same principles Jefferson advocated, only they go dividing the government with a girl whose first love was an Anacoona.

reasonable to suppose that if Jefferson was alive today that he would be a strong advocate of the same principle, as it is in line with his others.

Now, the old state of Georgia seems somewhat dear to me, as my great-grandfather was born and raised there and first introduced that famous apple known all over the United States as the Shockley apple. My grandfather left the state and came to Arkansas about the year 1848 and I would be proud to see old Georgia in the lead for reform. I would also be glad to see the grand old Constitution, that has visited the homes and cheered the hearts of thousands, bid that party adieu that has so wantonly ignored the will and wish of our people in the sunny south.

I would like to hear from you in regard to these questions if your time will admit of an answer. Respectfully yours,  
 A. B. SHOCKLEY.

## The Low Price of Cotton.

Editor Constitution: I see with great pleasure that Colonel Waddell and others of the State Agricultural Society are preparing to concert some means for helping the cotton growers of the south. It seems to me that 5 cents is a low price for cotton, even with the heavy receipts, which, however, are far below those of 1891. People who owe money might store in warehouses their cotton bales to the order of the creditor and the credit thus obtained might be placed on from debtor to creditor until the strain is removed, at which time the creditor might pay of debts, but creditors who owe payment might very well secure themselves by selling their cotton to the order of also debtors, could use the cotton receipts to satisfy those to whom they are due money. Something surely should be done to prevent the further decline of the cotton crop. It sold for more than the present prices with a larger crop than the one now being harvested in 1891 and 1892. Then we were in the midst of a panic and now, with returning prosperity and a smaller crop the price should be more than 5 cents per pound.

## Fall Time in Georgia.

Calhoun Times: Melancholy people will stand mighty little about being sung in the present, about such abundant sorghum crop as is now being harvested.

Covington Enterprise: Madam Rumor tells us that the greatest matrimonial wave that has ever been known will sweep over this settlement soon, leaving only two girls out in the cold.

Calhoun Times: There is an unusual quantity of squirrels in this fall, and to the delight of the sportsman. Among the wooded hills and along the forest fringed stream the modern Rip Van Winkles have shot to their hearts' content.

Barnesville Gazette: The hunting season has opened up and the fond of the sport venture out occasionally and have a few hours' pleasure. The first partridge killed this season by a Barnesville hunter were bagged by Mr. T. B. Lyon last Monday afternoon. They were quite fine, being sage and very fat. What is nicer than a fine mess of quail for supper or breakfast when they are fat and tender and are nicely cooked. There is nothing better.

## FOR FAIR ELECTIONS.

The demand for fair elections is voiced by every newspaper in the state. The Constitution's recent editorial on that subject has been heartily endorsed, and the one leading question now is that of a fair ballot. The Savannah News speaks as follows:

"That the system under which elections are now held offers opportunities for sharp practices, and that those opportunities are taken advantage of in a great many instances, are facts well known to everybody having even a superficial knowledge of practical politics in Georgia. The populist leaders, nearly all of whom are avowed democrats, know all about the tricks of the trade. They have 'been there' and doubtless the populist success in several of the counties in the late election were brought about by the use of these things learned in their early teaching."

"When the carpet-lag hordes were in the state, and when state elections were threatened with federal bayonets, there may have been some excuse for law evasion and sharp practices at elections, but no such excuse exists now. The demand of the times is for absolute honesty and fairness."

"It is to be hoped that the present cry for a state registration law and the adoption of a ballot system, or some other system that will provide an honest means of holding elections, will reach the ears of a sufficient number of the members of the legislature to have some effect upon the situation."

The above extract from our Savannah contemporary might be supplemented with others expressing the same sentiments from influential Georgia newspapers, and have fallen in line for fair election methods. Such utterances speak the thought of the people who are anxious that Georgia should make a record in the matter



## MR. WILKINS NAMED.

Mr. Grant Wilkins Chief of Construction for Atlanta's Exposition.

## THE PLACE AN IMPORTANT ONE.

Contract Let for the Mexican Village, which will be a splendid feature of the show.

At the meeting of the executive board of the exposition yesterday morning Mr. Grant Wilkins was elected chief of construction of the Cotton States and International exposition.

The title indicates the character of the duties that will fall upon Mr. Wilkins' shoulders if he accepts the position. He will have direct charge of the erection of buildings, the placing of exposition machinery and all work relating to construction on the exposition grounds. This office is a new one, and is one of considerable importance. Much depends upon the manner in which the work is carried forward, and realizing this, the executive board elected Mr. Wilkins to the position.

Mr. Wilkins has been chairman of the committee on buildings since the organization of the exposition management. He has given the matter of selecting plans for the buildings and all other preliminary work relating to this branch of the work particular attention, and he was a strong factor in the selection of plans for the exposition buildings. He favored the plans of Mr. Gilbert of New York, and his practical knowledge of building, the exposition management was influenced in no small degree by his preference in the matter.

If Mr. Wilkins accepts, which he will doubtless do on account of the deep interest he feels in the success of the exposition, the exposition directors feel sure that he will superintend the work in an able and capable manner.

Bids for the foundation of all the exposition buildings will be shortly advertised for—perhaps on Monday. After a week's advertising the bids will be opened and active work will be begun on the foundations of the other buildings.

**For a Mexican Village.**

President Collier yesterday closed a contract for the Mexican village to be erected at the exposition. This enterprise has been undertaken by a New York gentleman and by a native Mexican. They promise one of the most attractive features of the kind ever shown at an exposition. In a letter to Collier yesterday one of the promoters of the enterprise stated that he intended making the village and surroundings a complete picture of Mexican life.

**Handsome Presents.**

Yesterday some handsome pieces of furniture were received at exposition headquarters with the compliments of the Globe Furniture Company, of Cincinnati. This company has sent to the exposition office several handsome articles and have offered to furnish all the rest of the furniture at exposition headquarters free of charge.

## HIS EYES FAILED.

**Colonel J. Truitt Taylor Confined to His Home with His Eyes.**

Colonel J. Truitt Taylor, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Georgia, is confined to his home, No. 29 East Ellis street. For years Colonel Taylor has been a figure in Atlanta's history and in the history of the state. He was for many years connected with the state legislature in some capacity or other and was known as one of the best clerks of the state senate ever had. His work was of the highest order, and many were the compliments paid to him, besides the great credit and a reputation in office carried with it.

For the past few months Colonel Taylor was in the clerk's office of the Fulton superior court and there was a most valuable man. Recently his eyesight has become so impaired that he could not work longer, and now he is nearly blind. Colonel Taylor has friends all over the south and throughout Virginia, of which state he is a native, who will hear of his affliction with the greatest sorrow.

## MRS. J. H. WHITAKER DEAD.

**A Lovable Christian Lady Passes to Her Reward.**

The friends of Mrs. J. H. Whitaker will be deeply pained to hear of her sad death, which occurred at an early hour yesterday morning.

Mrs. Whitaker was the wife of the foreman of The Constitution's pressroom, and was a lady of many excellent qualities of mind and character. As a helpmeet to her husband she proved an ideal wife, and as a mother she was the queen of her little household. For sixteen years her wedded life was one of perfect harmony, devotion to her husband and her growing family of children.

Her maiden name was Miss Emma Holzclaw, and she was the daughter of Mr. H. I. Holzclaw. She leaves a sorrowing mother and three sisters in addition to the other members of the family. Mrs. Whitaker was an invalid for nearly four months, but her condition was not regarded as critical until she fell ill yesterday.

Mrs. Whitaker was a consistent member of the Walker Street Methodist church, and the funeral will occur from that church this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Messrs. W. M. Turner, P. A. Erwin, C. D. Atkinson, J. L. Turner, C. I. Branan and A. G. Dodge. The interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

## ARE FOR COLONEL LIVINGSTON.

**Representative Colored Men Meet and Consider the Situation.**

A. A. Mathis, a representative Atlanta colored man, called a meeting of prominent colored men of the city Thursday night to discuss the political situation in the fifth congressional district.

More than one hundred well-known negroes responded and the field was thoroughly gone over. Colonel Livingston's record as a congressman was fully discussed, especially that part relating to his record in work for the exposition, and it was unanimously decided to support him for congress.

"We have unanimously decided to disregard all the sham inducements of the third party," said Mathis, speaking of the meeting, "and give to Colonel Livingston the support he so richly deserves."

There will be another meeting of the same nature Monday night. It will be held at the courthouse and will be the nature of a rally. At that meeting the relation of the colored people to the exposition will be thoroughly discussed.

## FIVE CALIFORNIA FRUITS.

**It Is Being Retailled at Wholesale Price by Mr. F. McGee.**

Mr. F. McGee, who conducts that elegant fruit stand at the northwest corner of the bridge on Broad street and next door to Lint & Lovelace commission company's store, has just received a large shipment of the choicest California fruits. He has peaches, grapes, pears, and in fact, every kind of fruit. Late yesterday he received a large consignment of the celebrated Concord and Niagara grapes direct from the vineyard in New York. This fruit is fresh, sound and in the very best condition. Your dinner today and tomorrow will be incomplete unless you take it up with some of Mr. McGee's fine California and New York fruits. Remember he sells it at wholesale prices and that his place of business is next door to Lint & Lovelace, corner bridge and Broad street.

## MORE SOLDIERS COME

Only Two Companies Lacking to Make the Fifth Regiment Complete.

## COMMANDER OSBORNE IS HERE.

The New Fifth Regiment Band Arrived Yesterday and Is Now Ready to Make Music.

Two more companies of the Fifth United States Infantry are yet due at Fort McPherson.

And then the regiment will be complete. The companies to come are H and K, both of which have been stationed for a long time at the United States military post near Mount Vernon, Ala., and both of which will arrive either today or tomorrow.

Since the order of the war department, issued some weeks ago instructing the Third Infantry to leave Atlanta and the Fifth Infantry to occupy Fort McPherson, there has been quite an amount of speculation concerning the character of the soldiers coming. Than the officers of the Third Infantry there have never been in the south a more popular lot of gentlemen. Every one of them, from the commander down made friends of all with whom they met, and those who met them were always delighted to call them friends and to meet them again. So it was with the private among those with whom he was thrown. Gentlemen and clever, every member of the Third went away from Atlanta carrying with him the friendship and good will of all who had come in contact with them.

Naturally those who are liable to meet the soldiers who succeeded the Third have been desirous to know of what stuff the Fifth was made.

Safely it can be said that while Atlanta has lost men liked and admired, she has gained men who will and can take their places with an ease and grace, and that within a short time the officers and members of the Fifth will be as popular in the city of the south as were the officers and members of the Third. It is a part of the history of the United States army that the Fifth Infantry is and long has been one of the best regiments in the service. Its officers are of the highest character and stand right up among the front in the war department, where the history of the army is written officially. Personally, they are all of the most agreeable and cultured school, and it is said of them that friend and foe alike who encounters them never forgets them. In peace as in war they never turn their backs upon any one and when once surrendered to their side arm in hand is paroled, but so kind has been his treatment that he becomes a lifetime prisoner. In the regiment are some of the best men the United States army has to offer. The war as well as some of the brightest graduates of the military academy of recent years. Among the graduates of West Point it is considered quite a distinction to be enrolled in the Fifth, and when once enrolled in that regiment it is with a growing reluctance that one leaves it. The post life of the officers is the happiest and best attainable, because of the great sociability of the gentlemen composing the official staff.

This spirit is carried to the ranks, and the privates and non-commissioned officers are among the best in the service, and none are prouder than when declaring the fact that they are members of the Fifth.

As an illustration of the mettle to be found in the regiment it is only necessary to say that one of the captains and two or three lieutenants have risen from the ranks, having won their spurs by hard study and strict application to the duties placed upon them.

Of the regiment, composed of eight companies, six are now quartered at Fort McPherson. The companies now in camp are A, B, C, D, F and G. These have been coming in for the past five or six days. In fact, some of them have arrived a week or ten days ago, and they come to Atlanta from every direction. Company A comes from Fort Leavenworth, Kan., while C and D come from St. Augustine, Fla., where they have been for a long time. B comes from Jackson barracks, near New Orleans, and in that city the company passed two or three years, officers and men making friends alike. Company F comes from Houston, Tex., and in that thriving city of the Lone Star state, the men were much liked. Jackson barracks, at New Orleans, gave up Company G, too, and it is one of the best companies in the service. The other two companies, E and H, have been stationed at Mount Vernon, Ala., and will reach Atlanta today.

The regiment is commanded by Colonel Osborne, who is one of the most charming men personally in the army. Besides that, he is one of the strongest officers in the service. Colonel Osborne has been in the service for many years, and will be retired in the course of three or four years. With the members of his staff and two companies he reached Atlanta yesterday morning on a special train, the train stopping at the depot at the barracks.

Colonel Osborne's staff is composed of Lieutenant Colonel Kellogg, Major Russell, First Lieutenant H. Leggett and Lieutenant E. Kimball.

The captains of the companies are Captain Forbes, of C; Captain Romare, of G; Captain Woodruff, of D, and Captain Carter, of F.

The members of the Fifth have one of the finest bands in the service, and it is led by the finest cornet player in the army, Sergeant Labetter. The band is composed of twenty pieces.

## THE THIRD NIGHT'S WORK.

**Two Excellent Games Are Played in the Kimball House Billiard Room.**

The third night of the billiard tournament in the Kimball billiard room last night was attended by a larger crowd than has yet been out.

Two games were played and both were excellent work, each of the players showing great ability with the cue.

The first game was between Messrs. Conyers and Dunn, the string being 125 points. Mr. Dunn won the start and led off with out scoring. Mr. Conyers scored one and then Mr. Dunn pushed up six buttons. From start to finish the game was an interesting one, and attracted the undivided attention of the vast throng. The biggest run of the game was scored by Mr. Dunn, who piled up thirteen, while Mr. Conyers' biggest run was eight. Mr. Dunn's average was two and one-half, while the average of Mr. Conyers was a little less than one and one-half. Mr. Dunn strung his 125 points while Mr. Conyers' string measured eighty buttons.

The second game was between Mr. Conkling and Mr. Pattillo, a handicap. Mr. Conkling was to do 150 while Mr. Pattillo was to chalk up 115. Mr. Pattillo put his last button up while Mr. Conkling stood his string at forty-seven.

The referee was Mr. Tom Clayton, and the scorer was Mr. John Connolly.

The game tonight will be between Mr. Hal Morrison and Mr. C. B. Echols. Mr. Echols will undertake to do 150 while Mr. Morrison is doing 115.

Among the prominent and well known citizens of Chicago who are in the city is Mr. John Farnon. Mr. Farnon is general manager of the Calumet Electric Street Railway Company, of Chicago and is a wealthy capitalist.

## THE BOX OFFICE

Of the Grand Ready to Reserve Tuesday's Concert Tickets.

## THERE WILL BE A RUSH DURING THE DAY

And by Tonight a Great Number of Seats Will Have Been Reserved. No Complimentary.

The box office at the Grand opera house will be thrown open this morning at 9 o'clock for the purpose of reserving seats for the Grady hospital concert, which is to take place next Tuesday night and of which so much has already been said by the press of the city.

The concert is for the benefit of the fund being raised for the building of a children's ward at the hospital. This work has been undertaken by the Ladies' Aid Association of the Grady hospital, consisting of about 300 well known Atlanta ladies. They have already sold more than 500 tickets for the concert, the prices of admission being 10c and 15c, and it is almost certain that the opera house will be crowded from pit to dome next Tuesday evening. The concert is to be given under the direction of Signor Campobello, and the programme consists of the best musical talent in the city. A special feature of the concert will be the presentation of some standard old-time airs such as, for instance, the "Miserere," from Trovatore, the sextet from Lucia, the opening chorus from Lucia, etc.

## Seats Can Be Reserved Today.

Tickets sold by the ladies during the last two weeks, can be exchanged today at the box office for reserved seats without extra charge and those who hold such tickets had best go early if they want good seats, for it is entirely probable that by tonight a great number of reserved seats will be taken.

Tickets will also be on sale at the box office.

## No Complimentary Tickets.

This will be about the first entertainment that has ever taken place at the opera house to which there will be no complimentary tickets. Everybody is working for the hospital and it was concluded that as the concert was for a charitable purpose, it would be advisable that nobody who enjoys the concert should contribute their part. Not a complimentary ticket will be issued. Even the newspapers which have given so much space to the concert, have refused to take any complimentary tickets and in this way every admission in the opera house on Tuesday night will represent \$1, and it is to be hoped that the ladies will make from \$1,000 to \$2,000 for the cause for which they are working in the hope that the people will no doubt be glad to help it.

Leaving out of consideration the charitable purpose of the entertainment, the programme offered is one of the most pleasant to those who enjoy music. The entertainment will be one of the most interesting ever given at the opera house and the occasion will undoubtedly be the musical and the social event of the year.

## AT THE GRAND.

A large audience greeted the return of charming Effie Ellsler last night at the Grand. The people on the stage who have the magnetic force of Effie Ellsler in winning popularity, and Atlanta's atoners profess a fondness for the winsome little woman that is aside from the good one of the theatrical world.

She appeared at the Grand last night in her latest success, "Doris," and made a great hit. The play is the production of a good one of the full of life, strength and color. It is a pleasing story well presented in the drama, and the audience is thrilled from the time the curtain goes up until it is rung down on the last act. The audience is full of life, strength and color. It is a pleasing story well presented in the drama, and the audience is thrilled from the time the curtain goes up until it is rung down on the last act.

Of course, there is a great deal of fun artlessly mingled with the more serious phases of the story.

As to the presentation of the play nothing can be said further than that it is Effie Ellsler playing it, which statement in itself warrants the assurance of the complete manner in which the full effect is brought out when coupled with the further fact that the support is excellent.

So well known is Miss Ellsler to the theatregoers of Atlanta no word of praise is necessary to tell how she appears in this new play.

Frank Weston, as the prison doctor, and Robert Drouett, as the young squire, render superb work in the new play, and the company in its entirety is far above the average. Miss Sophie Albert, who is a bright young woman from Chattanooga, is one of the several charming members of the company.

The play will be repeated at the matinee today, and "A Woman's Power" will be the bill tonight.

## Sam Jack's Company Monday Night.

The Sam Jack Spectacular Extravaganza Company will be the attraction Monday night at DeGiv's opera house. Some very pretty paper is posted on the bill boards around the city and a large house is doubtless on hand to see Sam Jack's beauties.

The company, numbering about forty people, will arrive some time Sunday in their special Pullman cars.

The burlesque extravaganza which will be presented is called "The Bull Fighter," as the scenes are laid in Spain and a burlesque bull fight is one of the special features of the production. One of the novelties announced is the famous "Coquillat cot San Dance." This has never been done in Atlanta, and is a novelty of the strongest hits of the show. Living pictures will also be put on between the acts.

The sale of seats begins this morning at Miller's book store.

## "Michael Strogoff" Last Night.

"Michael Strogoff," the great Russian spectacle, was the bill last night at DeGiv's opera house. As on previous nights, a large house witnessed the play, which was very well given. Miss Fannie Laugha, the spy, did some good work. Hanna as the London Telegraph reporter and Theodore Stark, who acted in the same capacity for The New York Herald, furnished much amusement.

"Michael Strogoff" is a play which demands strong acting and good people. It is only just to say that the Baldwin-Melville company gave it a splendid presentation last night.

At the matinee today, which will be at 2:30 o'clock p. m., "The Black Flag" will be put on.

Tonight the engagement will close with "The Hoop of Gold." Thirty dollars will be given away tonight.

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A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## THE LOCAL FIELD.

Short Stories of Minor Happenings Gathered from Many Sources.

## THE CITY BRIEFLY MIRROR

Items from Courts, Police, Industry, Politics, the Churches and Other Departments—Life in a Large City.

## A select hop will be given at the

Bernheim Ruffel armory next Monday evening, October 23rd, by the Y. M. C. C. The committee having the entertainment in charge have arranged a good programme of music and dancing, and have secured a good orchestra. The entertainment will be one of the most interesting ever given at the opera house and the occasion will undoubtedly be the musical and the social event of the year.

## The Young Men's Saturday Night

Club meets at 8 o'clock this evening at the Church of Our Father, on Church street. The subject for discussion will be "Resolved, that political parties should be subservient to independent individual judgment in politics." The affirmative will be represented by Mr. H. A. Ethridge and Mr. E. R. Austin, and the negative by Mr. C. L. Pettigrew and Mr. Arthur G. Hobbs. The club will also be entertained by Mr. Harvey Hatcher, who will read one of his original poems. Visitors are welcome.

## The event of the coming week will be

the formal opening of the new rooms of the R. R. Y. M. C. C. The full programme will be published later. A number of prominent officials have signified their purpose to be present. Tomorrow afternoon Dr. A. R. Holderby will be the speaker at the meeting at 3:30 o'clock. Dr. Holderby is a practical man, in thorough sympathy with railroad service and a very interesting talk may be expected. Instrumental music will add to the interest. All men in connection with railroad service are heartily invited.

## Dr. A. B. Patterson, who is well and

favorably known as an eye and throat specialist, has removed his office from the Equitable, and is now associated with Dr. Arthur G. Hobbs at 11½ Whitehall street. Dr. Patterson is an accomplished physician of great experience, having received his medical education in New York, London and Paris. While in London the doctor was an assistant of the lamented Sir Morrell McKenzie in the Golden Square Throat hospital, also an assistant in the Royal London Ophthalmia hospital. Dr. Patterson is an original and forcible writer and is well known north and south. Dr. Hobbs is

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writes that the claim by another company to have received the highest award is false; that no such award was given to it.

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## one of the most distinguished eye and

throat surgeons in the south, and his patients come from every section of the United States.

Colonel W. L. Shumate, who was for years a practicing attorney in Atlanta, but who has been in Chattanooga for the last half dozen years, has moved to Galveston, Tex., where he is engaged in the practice of his profession. Colonel Shumate has many friends throughout Georgia who hope that he will find a large measure of success in his new home.

Another Georgia boy has gone to Texas to make his mark and has located at Port Worth. Of him and his prospects The Port Worth Gazette says: "W. H. Smith, a talented young attorney, of Rome, Ga., has removed to this city and will dig up the mysteries of Coke and Blackstone for Fort Worth clients. He is a society man, already stuck on our pretty girls; a Crisp democrat, and one of his first acts was to join the Young Men's Tammany. He will make a valuable addition to the Georgia delegation here and was gladly welcomed by many of his old associates."

Jack Bagby, Emmett Bostick and Will Holbrook went up to Norcross yesterday for a day with the gun. Each of them had a gun and each of them fired a dozen shots or more, but among the three only one bird was brought down, and last night when they came home all three were claiming that the single bird was the fruit of their shot.

Eustice Lawrence, a young negro girl, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at her mother's home on Johnson street, and her death has caused a good deal of talk among the colored people living in the neighborhood. Some days ago the girl fell from a swing and was made unconscious by the fall for a short time. The next day she was all right and no attention was paid to the fall. Tuesday last she began complaining of pains in her head, and the next day was unconscious. Dr. Longstreet was called in and found that concussion of the brain was resulting, and rendered every aid possible, but nothing could be done, and yesterday afternoon she died. The death certificate states that concussion of the brain was the cause of the death.

The suit of Dean against the city for damages was finished yesterday. The verdict was in favor of the defendant.

Judge Van Epps' court was in session only a short while yesterday, as there were no cases ready. Judge Westmoreland presided for Judge Van Epps at the call of the docket yesterday afternoon.

In Judge Westmoreland's court the suit of Mattie Howard against the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road was on trial all day yesterday. It may be finished today.

## The Bullets Flew Around.

Columbia, S. C., October 19.—(Special.)—At Newberry today Henry D. Wells and George Bishop, white, met in a store where Wells was a clerk, and emptied their Smith & Wesson 38-calibers at each other. Three balls found a resting place in Bishop's neck and three struck Wells in the arm, hand and abdomen. Neither was necessarily fatally hurt. The trouble was the outcome of an old quarrel.

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his toil and his thought. Only fair to him it should be so.

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goods, sew the goods, make the prices impossible to under-

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No grade of workmanship is too high for us—anything

short of the best possible is too low for us. We have no

room for the cheap and mean. From choosing the stuffs—

choicest we can find for wear, best for comfort, fittest for

the fancy of men of taste—to the last touch of the tailor,

we command the foremost talent. Nothing less would

satisfy either you or us.

All our goods—say \$10 and \$12 Suits—are several dollars'

worth better than ever before. We touch things at the foun-

tain head for you. Our purchases of cloth are spot cash price

at the mill; our own workshops; our own styles. These

things tell. When we cut our clothing over the patterns

of the finest—whether it's a \$10 or \$20 Suit—we know it's

bound to be stylish.

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Detective Agency, Indianapolis,  
Ind., 100-101-102-103-104-105-106-107-108-109-110-111-112-113-114-115-116-117-118-119-120-121-122-123-124-125-126-127-128-129-130-131-132-133-134-135-136-137-138-139-140-141-142-143-144-145-146-147-148-149-150-151-152-153-154-155-156-157-158-159-160-161-162-163-164-165-166-167-168-169-170-171-172-173-174-175-176-177-178-179-180-181-182-183-184-185-186-187-188-189-190-191-192-193-194-195-196-197-198-199-200-201-202-203-204-205-206-207-208-209-210-211-212-213-214-215-216-217-218-219-220-221-222-223-224-225-226-227-228-229-230-231-232-233-234-235-236-237-238-239-240-241-242-243-244-245-246-247-248-249-250-251-252-253-254-255-256-257-258-259-260-261-262-263-264-265-266-267-268-269-270-271-272-273-274-275-276-277-278-279-280-281-282-283-284-285-286-287-288-289-290-291-292-293-294-295-296-297-298-299-300-301-302-303-304-305-306-307-308-309-310-311-312-313-314-315-316-317-318-319-320-321-322-323-324-325-326-327-328-329-330-331-332-333-334-335-336-337-338-339-340-341-342-343-344-345-346-347-348-349-350-351-352-353-354-355-356-357-358-359-360-361-362-363-364-365-366-367-368-369-370-371-372-373-374-375-376-377-378-379-380-381-382-383-384-385-386-387-388-389-390-391-392-393-394-395-396-397-398-399-400-401-402-403-404-405-406-407-408-409-410-411-412-413-414-415-416-417-418-419-420-421-422-423-424-425-426-427-428-429-430-431-432-433-434-435-436-437-438-439-440-441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000-1001-1002-1003-1004-1005-1006-1007-1008-1009-1010-1011-1012-1013-1014-1015-1016-1017-1018-1019-1020-1021-1022-1023-1024-1025-1026-1027-1028-1029-1030-1031-1032-1033-1034-1035-1036-1037-1038-1039-1040-1041-1042-1043-1044-1045-1046-1047-1048-1049-1050-1051-1052-1053-1054-1055-1056-1057-1058-1059-1060-1061-1062-1063-1064-1065-1066-1067-1068-1069-1070-1071-1072-1073-1074-1075-1076-1077-1078-1079-1080-1081-1082-1083-1084-1085-1086-1087-1088-1089-1090-1091-1092-1093-1094-1095-1096-1097-1098-1099-1100-1101-1102-1103-1104-1105-1106-1107-1108-1109-1110-1111-1112-1113-1114-1115-1116-1117-1118-1119-1120-1121-1122-1123-1124-1125-1126-1127-1128-1129-1130-1131-1132-1133-1134-1135-1136-1137-1138-1139-1140-1141-1142-1143-1144-1145-1146-1147-1148-1149-1150-1151-1152-1153-1154-1155-1156-1157-1158-1159-1160-1161-1162-1163-1164-1165-1166-1167-1168-1169-1170-1171-1172-1173-1174-1175-1176-1177-1178-1179-1180-1181-1182-1183-1184-1185-1186-1187-1188-1189-1190-1191-1192-1193-1194-1195-1196-1197-1198-1199-1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-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2280-2281-2282-2283-2284-2285-2286-2287-2288-2289-2290-2291-2292-2293-2294-2295-2296-2297-2298-2299-2300-2301-2302-2303-2304-2305-2306-2307-2308-2309-2310-2311-2312-2313-2314-2315-2316-2317-2318-2319-2320-2321-2322-2323-2324-2325-2326-2327-2328-2329-2330-2331-2332-2333-2334-2335-2336-2337-2338-2339-2340-2341-2342-2343-2344-2345-2346-2347-2348-2349-2350-2351-2352-2353-2354-2355-2356-2357-2358-2359-2360-2361-2362-2363-2364-2365-2366-2367-2368-2369-2370-2371-2372-2373-2374-2375-2376-2377-2378-2379-2380-2381-2382-2383-2384-2385-2386-2387-2388-2389-2390-2391-2392-2393-2394-2395-2396-2397-2398-2399-2400-2401-2402-2403-2404-2405-2406-2407-2408-2409-2410-2411-2412-2413-2414-2415-2416-2417-2418-2419-2420-2421-2422-2423-2424-2425-2426-2427-2428-2429-2430-2431-2432-2433-2434-2435-2436-2437-2438-2439-2440-2441-2442-2443-2444-2445-2446-2447-2448-2449-2450-2451-2452-2453-2454-2455-2456-2457-2458-2459-2460-2461-2462-2463-2464-2465-2466-2467-2468-2469-2470-2471-2472-2473-2474-2475-2476-2477-2478-2479-2480-2481-2482-2483-2484-2485-2486-2487-2488-2489-2490-2491-2492-2493-2494-2495-2496-2497-2498-2499-2500-2501-2502-2503-2504-2505-2506-2507-2508-2509-2510-2511-2512-2513-2514-2515-2516-2517-2518-2519-2520-2521-2522-2523-2524-2525-2526-2527-2528-2529-2530-2531-2532-2533-2534-2535-2536-2537-2538-2539-2540-2541-2542-2543-2544-2545-2546-2547-2548-2549-2550-2551-2552-2553-2554-2555-2556-2557-2558-2559-2560-2561-2562-2563-2564-2565-2566-2567-2568-2569-2570-2571-2572-2573-2574-2575-2576-2577-2578-2579-2580-2581-2582-2583-2584-2585-2586-2587-2588-2589-2590-2591-2592-2593-2594-2595-2596-2597-2598-2599-2600-2601-2602-2603-2604-2605-2606-2607-2608-2609-2610-2611-2612-2613-2614-2615-2616-2617-2618-2619-2620-2621-2622-2623-2624-2625-2626-2627-2628-2629-2630-2631-2632-2633-2634-2635-2636-2637-2638-2639-2640-2641-2642-2643-2644-2645-2646-2647-2648-2649-2650-2651-2652-2653-2654-2655-2656-2657-2658-2659-2660-2661-2662-2663-2664-2665-2666-2667-2668-2669-2670-2671-2672-2673-2674-2675-2676-2677-2678-2679-2680-2681-2682-268



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## FROM THE DRY PIT.

The Story of Roper's Bloody Adventure  
Reviewed.

HIS ASSAILANTS TO BE TRIED.  
The Case Is Set for Next Wednesday.  
Lumpkin Enters a Plea of Guilty.

The bold mountaineers from Murray county, charged with conspiracy against the United States government in the assault of W. A. Roper last June, will be tried before Judge Newman in the United States court next Wednesday morning.

This was decided yesterday.

A more interesting case has never been tried in the northern district of Georgia, and the alleged facts as brought out in the true bill returned by the grand jury, make out an ugly case of violence and conspiracy.

The details of the shocking affair are too recent to have faded from the public mind, but a review of the facts at this time will be read with interest in view of the approaching trial.

The parties charged with the assault on Roper are W. R. Morrison, A. P. Duncan, J. W. Red, J. T. Morrison and J. M. Morrison.

Prior to June 11, 1894 a mountaineer by the name of Sam Green was engaged in the liquor business in Murray county without having paid his license. The object of Roper's visit to Murray county was to inquire into the matter and make a report as to the exact truth of the situation. In order to prevent him from doing this and to intercept his movements he was visited by the defendants, according to the true bill, on the night of June 11th. They disguised themselves for this purpose and provided robes and masks in order to prevent detection.

Roper was stopping at the home of one, Henry Brown, at the time of this nocturnal visitation. In order to put their evil designs into execution they forced an entrance into the house by breaking down the front door. They found the object of their search and dragging their victim from the bed in which he was sleeping they carried him away from the house and began to beat him without remorse or mercy. He was unable to defend himself against such powerful odds, and was forced on account of physical reasons to yield to the violence that was offered him. Having completed their assault they dragged the bleeding and wounded man to a dry pit about sixty feet in depth and there left him, as they supposed, to die before morning.

This is a mere outline of the story. The testimony will be given from the witness stand next Wednesday morning, and the details of the revolting assault will be disclosed.

In a second count of the indictment the defendants are also charged with conspiracy in trying to prevent the arrest of Ab Flood.

Lumpkin Pleads Guilty.

A. L. Lumpkin, the young man charged with taking the property of Uncle Sam in the postoffice department, entered a plea of guilty yesterday morning.

In view of the saving to the government, since a trial was unnecessary, the court was disposed to be lenient and a fine of only \$500 was imposed.

This was promptly paid, and the young man was set at liberty.

The trial of the two Ballews, father and son, is set for a hearing next Monday.

Salt rheum often appears in cold weather, attacking the palms of the hands and other parts of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, cures salt rheum, and other diseases of the blood.

ROUND TRIP RATES

To Macon, Ga., Via Central Railroad  
Three trains each way daily. Round trip from Atlanta \$3.15, including admission to the fair grounds. Tickets on sale October 22d to November 8th, inclusive, on account of Dixie fair. Good returning five days from date of sale. Apply ticket agent Central railroad, No. 16 Kimball house and depot. oct19-1w

MR. A. G. CANDLER TO LEAD.

He Will Conduct the Meeting at the Christian Association.

Mr. A. G. Chandler will conduct the meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Mr. Candler is a bright, magnetic speaker, and every one should hear him. As the president of the State Sunday School Association he is actively identified with the work for young people, and is one of the most zealous and devoted members of that organization.

Mr. Charley Tillman, the sweet singer, will also take a part in the services, and will conduct the singing.

Rev. A. H. Holderby, the pastor of Moore Memorial church, will lead the meeting this evening.

MRS. KUEBLER'S FUNERAL.

It Will Occur from Her Residence This Morning.

The funeral of Mrs. Carl A. Kuebler will occur from her late residence, 272 Piedmont avenue, this morning at 10 o'clock.

The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Messrs. Charles Werner, J. Zimmerman, H. Ortwine, Phil Dietz, Carl Brenner and F. Christianson.

Berthelot, the French chemist, thinks that perfect food can be made from coal air and water. He holds this opinion because the constituents of food are carbon, oxygen, hydrogen and nitrogen. When his prophecy is verified hunger will be unknown. Until then no food can be so delicious and wholesome as that prepared with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Angostura Bitters, says a long time sufferer from indigestion, thoroughly cured me. Sole manufacturers, Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons. At all druggists.

Is it not better to tell the child that you do not know, if you don't, and invite him to help you look up the question in the new up-to-date Encyclopedia Britannica? That is presuming you have a Britannica in your home. If you have not, you should order it at once.

DIXIE INTERSTATE FAIR.

Macon, Ga., October 22d to November 8th, inclusive. The Southern railway will sell tickets to Macon and return at one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents for admission coupon to the grounds. Rate from Atlanta, \$4.14 round trip.

These tickets will be on sale October 22d to November 8th, good for five days from date of sale; no ticket will be good for return passage later than November 8, 1894.

For tickets and schedules apply A. A. Verney, passenger agent, Atlanta, Ga.; W. H. Taylor, district passenger agent, Atlanta, Ga.; A. Howell, depot ticket agent; C. E. Sergeant, city ticket agent.

Notice.

I want every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 378, and one will be sent you free.

ROUND TRIP RATES

To Macon, Ga., Via Central Railroad  
Three trains each way daily. Round trip from Atlanta \$3.15, including admission to the fair grounds. Tickets on sale October 22d to November 8th, inclusive, on account of Dixie fair. Good returning five days from date of sale. Apply ticket agent Central railroad, No. 16 Kimball house and depot. oct19-1w

## Boys' Suits.

There's fuss and bother with some of the clothiers whose Autumn stocks are deficient. Hadn't wisdom, foresight or courage enough to discover conditions and prepare properly.

Boys' clothiers, whose stocks lack Reefers, naturally tell you that Reefers are not the thing just now. But they are, just the same; you and we know it. The Reef-er Suit is too



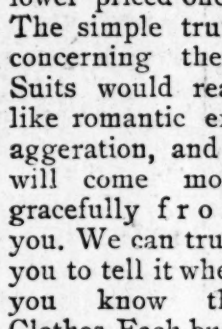
Jaunty, too practical, too comfortable to vanish.

Our stock is full of them—new, stylish, fine; sizes 3 to 8, \$4.50 to \$10.

The Boys' Clothing store continues as before, a very Wonderland for cheapness.

And you ought to know about other lines of black and blue Cheviot Suits at \$10.00—relatively cheaper than the lower priced ones.

The simple truth concerning these Suits would read like romantic exaggeration, and it will come more gracefully from you. We can trust you to tell it when you know the Clothes. Each buyer will be a volunteer advertiser.



Eads-Neel Co.

## JEWELRY AUCTION.

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware and Jewelry to be sold for whatever they will bring. Stock must be sold.

S. MAIER & CO.,  
10 PEACHTREE ST.  
B. MAIER, Executor.

oct5 1m

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## TOLBERT BROS. Grocers.

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Tolbert's Pet Flour, per barrel... \$3.75  
50 pounds Tolbert's Pet Flour... 1.00  
25 pounds Tolbert's Pet Flour... .50  
Good Patent Flour, per barrel... 3.00  
50 pounds good Patent Flour... .80  
25 pounds good Patent Flour... .40  
50 pounds best leaf Lard, per pound... .95  
10 pounds bucket leaf Lard... 1.00  
Best brand sugar-cured Ham, per lb... 14  
20 pounds granulated Sugar... 1.00  
16 pounds head Rice... 1.00  
5 cans Eagle Milk... 1.00  
3 pounds best Mocha and Java Coffee... 1.00  
Arbuckle's and Levering's Coffee, per pound... .25  
Best black and green Tea, per pound... .50  
4-pound can Royal Powders... .45  
4 boxes best French Sardines... 1.00  
5 cans Salmon Steak... 1.00  
New evaporated Apples, Apples and Peaches, per pound... .15  
Tolbert's Pet Flour we guarantee to be as good as any in Atlanta or money refunded.  
Out of city orders boxed and delivered at depot free of charge.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE--20c. HUNDRED.

Clothing  
of the right kind.

Clothing  
of the proper cut.

Clothing  
in varied assortment.

Clothing  
at the right price.

Clothing  
for Men, Boys and Children.

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COAL \$1.50 TO \$4.50 PERTON  
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STEAM and DOMESTIC COAL!  
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Yards Magnolia Street and E. T. V. & G. R. R. 'Phone 394.

LORBERRY RED ASH AN "T" EGG.  
Just received 300 Tons genuine  
and a cargo to come this month.

For sale by  
STOCKS COAL CO.,  
85 Peters Street. Phone 527.  
Yards 117 North Pryor. Phone 1012.

Our Stock Cannot Be Surpassed.

We have the assortment to select from.  
RICH CUT GLASS WARE,  
FINE STERLING SILVER,  
BEAUTIFUL CHINA  
FOR WEDDING PRESENTS.

Also, an Immense Stock of  
DIAMONDS, WATCHES,  
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UMBRELLAS, CANES, AND  
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CALL AND INSPECT OUR NEW GOODS.

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FITTINGS  
—AND—  
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Of every description for Cotton and Woolen Mills, Oil Mills, Saw and Planing Mills, Railroads, Quarries, Machine Shops, etc. Send for list of new and second-hand Machinery.

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